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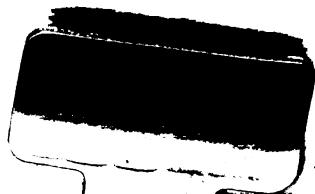
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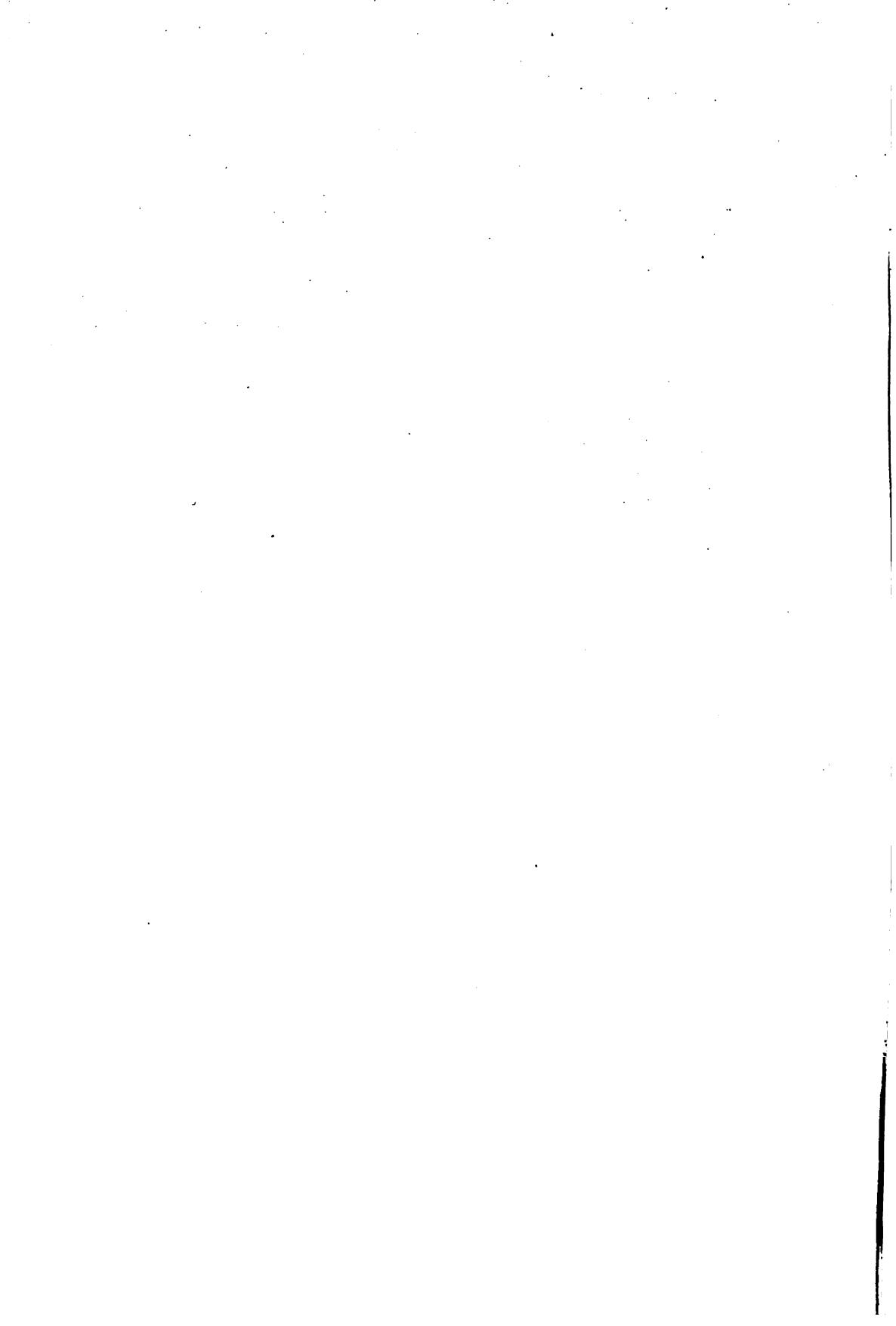
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SELLECK MEMORIAL
WITH
COLLATERAL CONNECTIONS





SELLECK MEMORIAL





Wm. C. Selleck

SELLECK MEMORIAL
WITH
COLLATERAL CONNECTIONS

By

WILLIAM EDWIN SELLECK

AUTHOR OF "SELLECK AND PECK GENEALOGY"

CHICAGO
PRIVATELY PRINTED
1916

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BY
WILLIAM EDWIN SELLECK

JOHN

Nov 21 1911

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1911

FOREWORD

WHEN one finds that such names as Richard Law, Nathan Gold, Benjamin Silliman, Margaret Kilbourne, George Washington, Sir Edwin Sandys, Henry W. Longfellow, John Dryden, Percy Bysshe Shelley, Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, Ann Hutchinson, Aaron Burr, John Alden, Priscilla Mullens, Rev. Jonathan Edwards, are related either directly or collaterally to the writer, the fact seems to warrant the present permanent record in book form, so that others may derive equal benefit.

Any Selleck who can prove relationship with this branch of the Sands family, will be able henceforward to claim Washington, Hutchinson, Dryden, etc., ancestry. If related to Mary Raymond, he is undoubtedly connected with Commodore Perry, if he can trace to Nathan Gold, possibly he may trace to Ann Hutchinson, Aaron Burr, Longfellow, and Jonathan Edwards.

It is not always certain that a coat-of-arms represents the family of which one is a descendant. The prevalent change of names is frequently an embarrassment. "Selleck" was originally "Selly," and no way seems to lead to a "Selleck" coat-of-arms as shown by reliable records; but the writer is in possession of the original "Selly" or "Selleck" signet ring (fully described in "Selleck and Peck Genealogy"), with a record which clearly shows a lineal descent from the oldest son to the oldest son, for about 400 years (see page 12) and the coat-of-arms engraved on the ring establishes all that can be desired.

"The Founders and Patriots of America" is a society quite popular in New England. Any man of the age of twenty-one years, of good moral character and reputation, and a citizen of the United States, who is lineally descended, in the male line of either parent, from an ancestor who settled in any of the Colonies now included in the United States of America prior to May 13,

FOREWORD

1657, and one or all of whose intermediate ancestors, in the same line, who lived in the period of the Revolution, from 1775 to 1783, adhered as patriots to the cause of the Colonies, shall be eligible to membership in the Society.

The writer in 1914 organized the first Society of the order in the West and now, 1916, holds the office of Governor of "The Illinois Society of the Founders and Patriots of America."

Rev. Chas. M. Selleck in his history of Norwalk, Connecticut, page 293, says: "The Hooker, Law and Gold is one of the strongest family combinations in New England," add to this the Sands, Kilborne, Silliman and Peck and the strength is materially increased. All these families are shown to be inter-married with the Sellecks, and several prominent men, some of world renown, came from Selleck blood.

Nearly all relatives whose names appear in my first book have a biographical sketch in said book of Selleck and Peck Genealogy, and it seems hardly necessary to say that both books should be read to fully comprehend the situation. Indulgence is asked for repeating what appears in former book, but the additions could not be considered except in connection.

The travels of the writer embrace visits to the following places, every State in the United States except North Carolina, Canada, British Columbia, England, Ireland, Scotland, Belgium, Netherlands, France, Germany, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Greece, Austria, Turkey, Palestine, Syria, Egypt, Tunis, Algeria, Morocco, China, Japan, Mexico, Yucatan, British Honduras, Honduras, Guatemala, Brazil, Uruguay, Argentine, Chili, India, Costa Rica, Salvador, Panama, Nicaragua, Islands of Maderia, Malta, Honolulu, Cuba, St. Thomas, St. Kitts, Antigua, Barbadoes, Dominica, Grenada, Guadaloupe, Martinique, Montserat, Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Sicily, Terra del Fuego, the Philippines, Java, Ceylon, Valencia.

In 1913 he was one of the passengers on the S. S. "Cleveland" on a cruise around the world. The International Date Line was crossed on what would have been the 18th day of February, the birthday of the writer; on that date he would have been

FOREWORD

7

seventy-two years of age, but consequently he had only seventy-one birthdays.

The following is copy of certificate as signed by the Captain:

S. S. CLEVELAND

February 19, 1913

"This is to certify that in the Cruise around the world, by the S. S. Cleveland, the International Date Line was crossed at a time that Tuesday, Feb. 18, 1913 was lost.



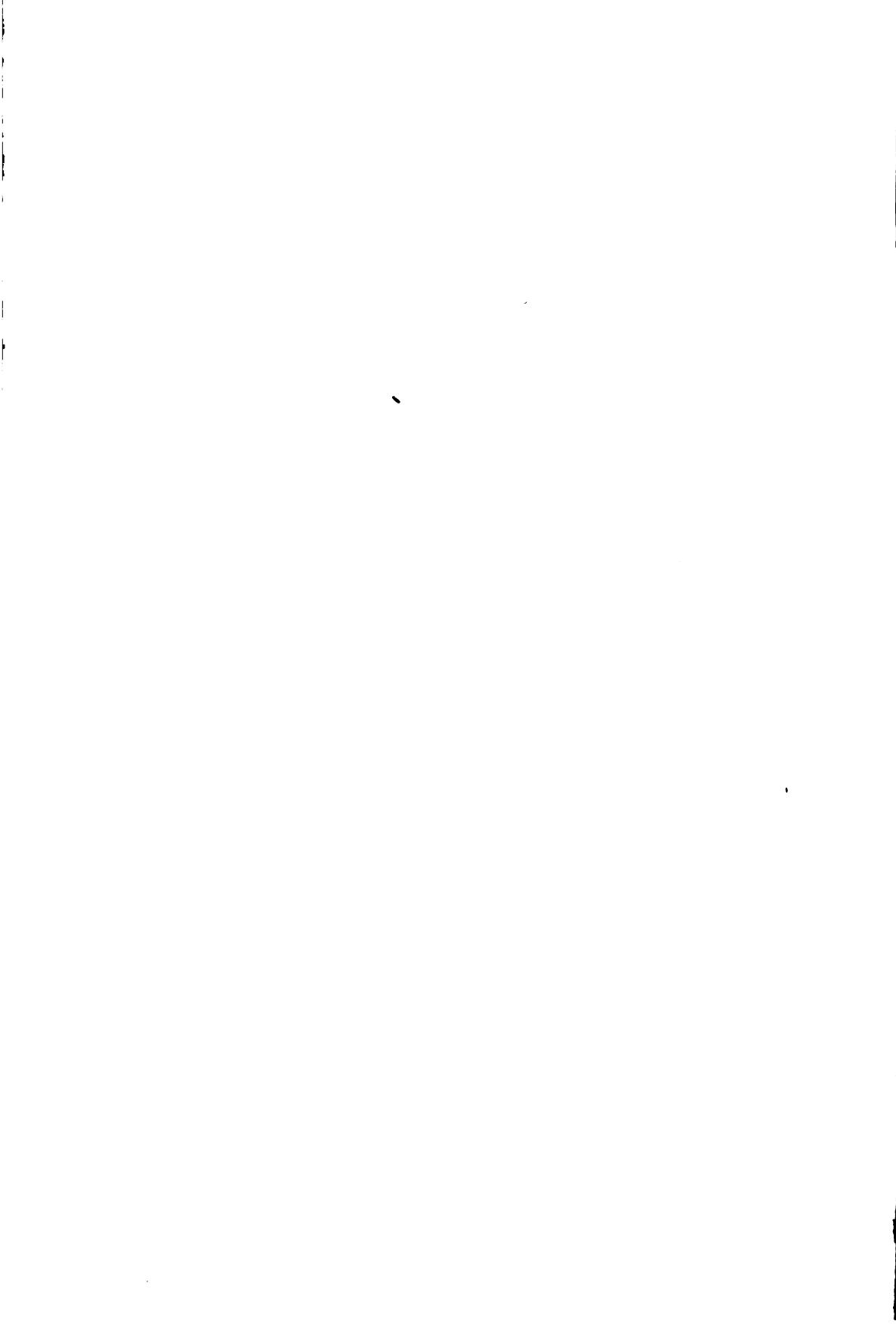
J. G. Cier
Captain."

It is interesting to note how a given name will be continued. This list comprises very few of the descendants of the Sands family, but the given name, Sands, occurs quite often. The writer's middle name, Edwin, if possible to trace, might be found to originate with Sir Edwin Sandys.



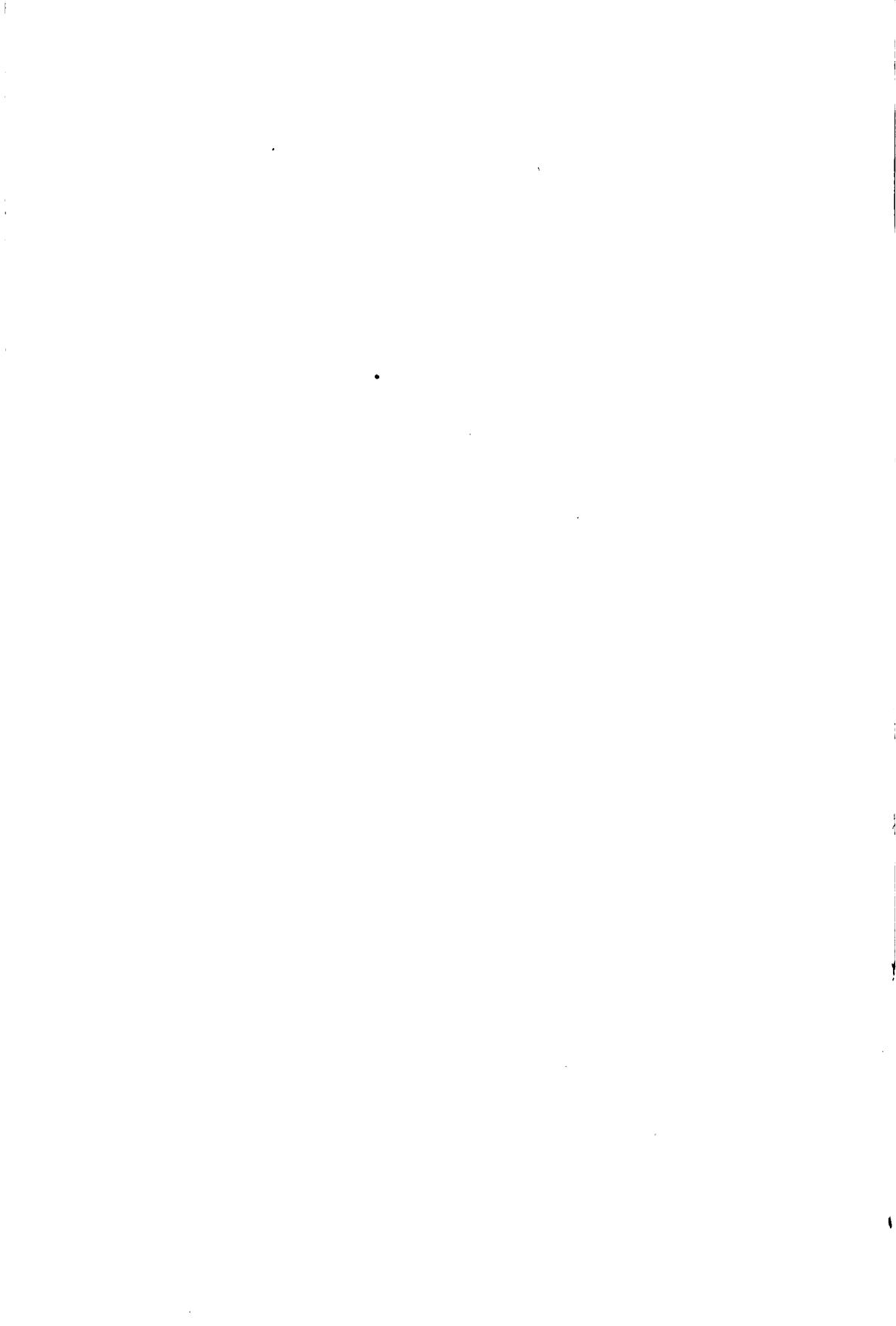
CONTENTS

	Page
BELDEN	58
AARON BURR	45
JOHN DRYDEN	60
REV. JONATHAN EDWARDS	67
NATHAN GOLD	40
THOMAS HOOKER	53
ANNE HUTCHINSON	60
SUSANNAH KIBBY	37
HENRY W. LONGFELLOW	43
RICHARD LAW	39
WILLIAM PECK	73
COMMODORE OLIVER HAZARD PERRY	56
RAYMOND	55
SIR EDWIN SANDYS	48
SILLIMAN	50
PERCY BYSSHE SHELLEY	63
JONATHAN SELLECK	29
DEBORAH PECK SELLECK	31
JOHN SELLECK	31
DAVID SELLECK	29
STURGIS SELLECK	35
LIZZIE PATTERSON SELLECK	32
CICELY WILFORD	65
GEORGE WASHINGTON	69
WARNER HALL	71
INDEX	79



ILLUSTRATIONS

	Facing Page
William E. Selleck	<i>Frontispiece</i>
Selleck Signet Ring	13
The Selleck Coat of Arms	13
Manuscript of Catharine Richards Seely	19
Sands E. Selleck in 1855	28
William E. Selleck in 1862	28
Eliza Selleck in 1854	28
Lizzie P. Selleck in 1912	29
June M. Selleck in 1912	29
William Dayton Selleck in 1912	29
Deborah Selleck	31
Sturgis Selleck	34
Gold Coat of Arms	40
Sandys Coat of Arms	47
Edwin Sands	48
George Sands	48
Raymond Coat of Arms	54
Belden Coat of Arms	57
Dryden Coat of Arms	59
Hutchinson Coat of Arms	60
Shelley Coat of Arms	62
Wilford Coat of Arms	64
Edwards Coat of Arms	66
Washington Coat of Arms	68
Sulgrave Manor	70
Warner Coat of Arms	71







THE SELLECK SIGNET RING



THE SELLECK COAT OF ARMS

A question may arise in examining the chevrons, where the perpendicular lines, according to the rules of Heraldry, denote red, while the description given states purple.

If one will refer to Encyclopædia Britannica, under head of Tinctures he will find: "Since the sixteenth century a conventional arrangement of lines and dots gives the equivalent of these tinctures in black and white."

This indicates that the ring was engraved before this feature was adopted.

SELLECK MEMORIAL

LINE OF DESCENT

(1) DAVID SELLECK
Died in Virginia, 1654.

(2) Susannah Kibby.

David, b. Oct. 11, 1638, d. in
Barbados, 1663.

(3) Jonathan, b. March 20, 1641, d.
Jan. 10, 1713.
John, b. Feb. 21, 1643.
Nathaniel, b. July 18, 1645.
Joanna, b. Dec. 11, 1649.
Elizabeth, b. Feb. 1, 1651.
Susannah, died Sept. 10, 1653.

(3) JOHNATHAN SELLECK

(4) Abigail Law, daughter of Richard
Law and Margaret (Kilborn)
Law. B. 1637, d. Dec. 20, 1711.
Married May 11, 1663.

(5) Jonathan, b. July 11, 1664, d. June
11, 1710.

David, b. Jan. 27, 1666. } Died
John, } Young.

(5) JONATHAN SELLECK

(6) Abigail Gold, daughter of Major
Nathan Gold. Married Jan. 5,
1685.

(7) Nathan, b. Sept. 12, 1684, d. Jan.
15, 1772.

Abigail, b. April 3, 1688.
Johnathan, Unmarried.
Theophilus, b. Feb. 11, 1694 (Mrs.
Samuel Pennoyer).
John Gold, Unmarried.
Abigail, b. Feb. 15, 1707 (Mrs.
Ebenezer Silliman).

(7) NATHAN SELLECK

(8) Sarah Sands. Married at Hun-
tington, Long Island, Jan. 1,
1713.

(9) Sands, b. April, 1714, d. 1772.

Silas, b. June, 1715.
Mary, b. Oct. 1, 1717.
Jonathan, b. Oct. 1, 1720.
Sarah, b. Aug. 12, 1723.
Nathan, b. Sept. 15, 1726.
Samuel, b. Jan. 10, 1728, d. Aug. 3
1730.
Gold John, b. Jan. 10, 1730.
Silvanus, b. Sept. 1, 1734.

"As Nathan (7) was the only married son of Jonathan (5) it follows that the said Nathan became the ancestor of those of the Selleck name who descended from Major Jonathan Selleck."—Rev. Chas. Selleck's History of Norwalk.

SELLECK MEMORIAL

- (9) **SANDS SELLECK**
 (10) Mary Raymond. B. June 17,
 1723, d. 1812. Married Aug.
 10, 1742. (11) *Simeon*, b. Aug. 14, 1743, d. in
 infancy.
 (11) *Simeon*, b. Sept. 18, 1744.
 Jesse, b. Jan. 19, 1746.
 Sands, b. May 19, 1751.
 Raymond, b. June 26, 1752.
 Samuel, b. July 17, 1755.
 Anna, b. Feb. 28, 1759 (Mrs.
 Benjamin Belden).
 Henry, died young.
 Stephen, died young.
- (11) **SIMEON SELLECK**
 (12) Mary Belden.
 Married Feb. 28, 1771. (13) *Betsy.*
 Polly.
 Benjamin.
 Annie.
- (13) **BENJAMIN SELLECK**
 (14) Deborah Peck. B. Sept. 29, 1789,
 d. Nov. 12, 1877. Married
 Feb. 28, 1811. (15) *Sands Edwin*, b. March 18, 1812,
 d. Aug. 21, 1865.
 Stephen Peck, b. Jan. 24, 1814,
 d. Jan. 25, 1870.
- (15) **SANDS EDWIN SELLECK**
 (16) Eliza Ayres. B. Berlin, Md.,
 March 24, 1811, d. St. Louis,
 Nov. 7, 1858. Married in New
 York City, Jan. 8, 1839. (17) *William Edwin*, b. Tremont, Taz-
 well Co., Ill., Feb. 18, 1841.
- (17) **WILLIAM EDWIN SELLECK**
 (18) Flora Thorne. Married Feb. 14,
 1866. (19) *June Montross*, b. St. Louis, Mo.,
 May 5, 1867.
- (19) **JUNE MONTROSS SELLECK**
 (20) Lizzie Patterson. B. Barreville,
 Ill., Dec. 17, 1870. Married in
 St. Louis, March 17, 1891. (21) *William Dayton*, b. in Chicago,
 Dec. 13, 1892.
 Dorothy Marie, b. in Chicago,
 Oct. 23, 1894, d. Aug. 7, 1895.

Rev. Charles M. Selleck's History of Norwalk, Conn.
 T. P. Hughes' Am. Ancestry, Vol. ii, p. 109.
 Savage Genealogy Dictionary, Vol. iv, p. 50.
 Huntington's History of Stamford, Conn., p. 165.

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY — DAVID SELLECK
SARAH LAW — CAPT. JOHN SELLECK
1639— 1654
Dau. of Richard Law 1643—
and
Margaret Kilbourne

Children of Capt. John and Sarah (Law) Selleck:

Sarah
1670—
m. John Potter

David
1672—

Nathaniel
1678-1712
m. Sarah Lockwood

John
1681—

Susanna
1683—
m. John Holly

Joanna
1686—
m. Jonathan Bates

SELLECK MEMORIAL

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY 1639-	=DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	=CAPT. JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678- Dau. of Jonathan Lock- wood and Mary Ferris m. 1st Nathaniel Selleck m. 2d	=NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
<i>Children of Nathaniel and Sarah (Law) Selleck:</i>	
David 1700- m. Mercy Waterbury	
Sarah 1702-	
Nathaniel 1704- m. Mary de Mill	
John 1706- m. Abigail Seymour	
Martha 1710-	
Ebenezer 1712-	

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	= CAPT. JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678-	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
ABIGAIL SEYMOUR Dau. of John Seymour and Sarah Gregory	= JOHN SELLECK 1706-
<i>Children of John and Abigail (Seymour) Selleck:</i>	
John	1730-
Bethel	1732-
Seymour	-1734
Abigail	1736-
Martha	1739-
Mercy	1740-

SELLECK MEMORIAL

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	= CAPT. JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678-	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
MERCY WATERBURY Dau. of Lieut. David Waterbury and Sarah Weed	= DAVID SELLECK 1700-
<i>Children of David and Mercy (Waterbury) Selleck:</i> David 1724- m. Sarah Bates	
Nathaniel 1725- m. Sarah Selleck 1723- Dau. of Nathan Selleck and Sarah Sands	
Ebenezer 1727-	
Gershom 1730- m. Pruella Gorham Revolutionary service	
Ezra 1732-	
Samuel 1734-1776 Patriot, d. 1776, on a British Prison ship in New York harbor	
Thaddeus 1736-	
James 1742- m. Sarah Weed	
Jacob 1744-	

Catharine Selleck Seely Paper

My father Nathan Selleck was born 1684 died 1772
My mother Sarah Selleck was born 1695 died 1759 in Mass.
My father John Selleck was born 1705 died 1773 aged 68
My mother Deborah Selleck was born 1715 died 1785 aged 70
My Father Nathan Selleck was born 1735 died 1816
My Mother Catharine Selleck was born 1745 died 1826
My Brother Edward Selleck was born 1747 died 1796
My Sister Helen Selleck was born 1750 died 1820
My Sister Catharine Selleck was born 1752 died 1824
My Sister Elizabeth Selleck was born 1754 died 1829

Catharine Richards Seely, a descendant of Nathan Selleck, 1684-1772, and Sarah Sands, furnished the writer with the above, a time-worn discolored document written by Catharine Seely, granddaughter of Nathan Selleck, in which she gives the ages of several descendants of Nathan, and states the year of Nathan's birth to be 1684. Previous records show he was born in 1686, but this evidence seems to warrant adopting the changed date.

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
ABIGAIL LAW 1637-1711	= CAPT. JONATHAN SELLECK 1641-1713
ABIGIAL GOLD -1711	= JONATHAN SELLECK 1664-1710
SARAH SANDS 1696-1789	= NATHAN SELLECK 1684-1772
CATHARINE CLARK 1726-1798	= NATHAN SELLECK 1726-1807
<i>Children:</i> Deborah, 1759-; m. Amos Roberts. Phebe, -1750; d. young. Catharine, 1755-1829; m. Wyx Seely, 1757- 1829. Edward, 1746-; m. Elizabeth Selleck	
Catharine Selleck 1755-1829	= Wyx Seely 1757-1829
Mary Clock 1788-1868	= Selleck Seely 1786-1826
Emilie Brown 1811-1888	= Albert Seely 1809-1889
Catharine Richards Seely 1846-	

SELLECK MEMORIAL

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	= CAPT. JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678-	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
MERCY WATERBURY	= DAVID SELLECK 1700-
SARAH BATES	= DAVID SELLECK 1724-
<i>Children:</i> Lydia 1754-	
Hannah 1758-	
David 1762-	
Mary 1765-	
Charles 1766- m. Hannah Mather, dau. of Dr. Moses Mather	

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	= CAPT JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678-	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
MERCY WATERBURY	= DAVID SELLECK 1700-
PRISCILLA GORHAM	= GERSHOM SELLECK 1730- Served in the Revolution in the Associated Exempts of West Ches- ter Co., N. Y.
<i>Children:</i>	
Charlotte 1763-	m. 1784 Stephen Fitch, son of Bushnell Fitch. Their son, Hon. Benja- min Fitch, was founder of Fitch Home at Nor- ton
Frederick m. Esther Hanford	
Esther Hanford	= Frederick Selleck, Sr.
Sarah Ann Morris	= Frederick Selleck, Jr. 1791-1839 See D. A. R. Lineage Book, Vol. 6, p. 68

SELLECK MEMORIAL

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY 1639-	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	= CAPT. JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678-	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
MERCY WATERBURY	= DAVID SELLECK 1700-
HANNAH WOOD <i>Children:</i> Samuel	= SAMUEL SELLECK 1734-1776 Captured and im- prisoned on ship "Whitley" on which he died in New York harbor
David 1761-1777 A Revolutionary soldier. Joined the army to avenge his father's death. He fell at Ridg- field	
Hannah m. Uriah Reed, son of Timothy Reed	
Mary	
Ebenezer 1774- m. Mary Lyons.	

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY = DAVID SELLECK
1639- -1654

SARAH LAW = CAPT. JOHN SELLECK
1678- 1643-

SARAH LOCKWOOD = NATHANIEL SELLECK
1678- 1712

MARY DE MILL = NATHAN SELLECK
1704-

Children:

Mary

Peter
1729-

Sarah
1731-
Elizabeth
1733-

Abraham
1735-
m. Deborah Whiting
-1761

Catharine
1739-

Anthony

Hannah

SELLECK MEMORIAL

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY = DAVID SELLECK
1639- 1654

SARAH LAW = CAPT. JOHN SELLECK
1678- 1643-

SARAH LOCKWOOD = NATHANIEL SELLECK
1678- 1712

MARY DE MILL = NATHANIEL SELLECK
1704-

DEBORAH WHITING = ABRAHAM SELLECK
1761 1735-

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	= CAPT. JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678-	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
MERCY WATERBURY	= DAVID SELLECK 1700-
SARAH WEED	= JAMES SELLECK 1742-
<i>Children:</i>	
James	
	1764-
	m. Sally Gilbert of Salem
Hezekiah	
	1776-
Sarah	
	1768-
Mercy	
	1770-
	m. Jarvis Kellogg
William	
	1773-
Hannah	
	1776-
	m. William Lockwood
David	
	1779-
Mary	
	1781-
Charlotte	
	1784-

SELLECK MEMORIAL

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK
	-1654
SARAH LAW	= CAPT. JOHN SELLECK
1639-	1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD	= DAVID SELLECK
1678-	1700-
HANNAH WATERBURY	= SAMUEL SELLECK
	1734-1776
EMILIA CHESHIRE	= EBENEZER SELLECK
1776-	1774-
Dau. of Benjamin	m. 1st Emilia Cheshire
Cheshire and Martha	m. 2d Mary Lyons
Youngs	

Children of Ebenezer Selleck:
By 1st wife.
Mary W.

Hannah

Benjamin

Ebenezer, d. in infancy

By 2d wife
Rebecca
1831

Ebenezer
1834-

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	= CAPT. JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678- Dau. of Jonathan Lockwood	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
MERCY WATERBURY	= DAVID SELLECK 1700-
SARAH WEED 1746- Dau. of David Weed and Mary Waterbury	= JAMES SELLECK 1742- Of Norwalk, Conn. Served in Revolutionary War, 1776 to 1781, as private in Regi- ment of Light Horse in Coast Guards until captured 1781
CHARLOTTE GREGORY	= CAPT. WILLIAM SELLECK
RUTH MARGARET TRYON	= ALFRED DE FOREST SELLECK See D. A. R. Lineage Book, vol. 6, p. 63.

SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY 1639-	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
SARAH LAW 1639-	= CAPT. JOHN SELLECK 1643-
SARAH LOCKWOOD 1678-	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1678-1712
MERCY WATERBURY	= DAVID SELLECK 1700-
SARAH SELLECK 1723- Dau. of Nathan Selleck and Sarah Sands	= NATHANIEL SELLECK 1725-
HANNAH SMITH 1760- Dau. of Ephraim Smith of Darien, Conn., and Haynes Ridge, New Canaan, Ct.	= URIAH SELLECK 1762-1822 Owner of Norwalk packet "Slow and Easy." Served as drummer in Capt. Eli Reed's Co. of Militia, 1776

Children of Uriah and Hannah (Smith) Selleck:

Zalmon 1795-	
Nancy 1806-	
Eliza Phillipse	= Zalmon Selleck 1795-
Maria Selleck 1815-	= William K. James See D. A. R. Lineage Book, Vol. 17, p. 223



ELIZA SELLECK IN 1854



WM. E. SELLECK IN 1862



SANDS E. SELLECK IN 1855



W.M. DAYTON SELLECK IN 1912

JUNE M. SELLECK IN 1912

LIZZIE P. SELLECK IN 1912



DAVID SELLECK

The history of David Selleck is quite fully given in the first book. Just one item of his life though, leaves a record that is enough to establish him for all time. When we consider the number of public schools in the United States, the number of children that has attended them, and are now attending, while thinking that in 1641 David Selleck assisted, subscribed, and was instrumental in building and establishing the first public school that was erected in the Western World, we cannot help revering his memory, and any Selleck should be proud and grateful for the act.

JONATHAN SELLECK

Born March 20, 1641; died January 10, 1713.

Married Abigail Law, daughter of Richard Law, May 11, 1663. His brother John married Sarah Law, sister of Abigail. Jonathan and John moved to Stamford, Conn., about 1660. Deputy from Stamford 1670, and at other times until 1708. Assistant 1695 to 1701. Captain of Stamford Train Band 1675. Captain of Stamford troops in Great Swamp Fight. Major in 1696. Judge Fairfield County, 1698.

Jonathan held numerous town offices, was member of legislature repeatedly, and State Senator 1695 to 1701.

There was some controversy between the Colony of New York and the Colony of Connecticut regarding the location of the line separating the two Colonies.

The following verbatim extracts from the Public Records of the Colony of Connecticut show how much the direct ancestors of the Sellecks had to do with establishing and laying out this line. It is possible the line they laid out was practically, if not identically, as it now exists.

"Oct. 8, 1674. This Court appoints Lieut. Jonathan Selleck (and three others) forthwith to run the line between this Colony and the Colony of New York from Monmoronock River to Hudson River.

"Oct. 1700. In case the Government of Newyork shall desire the line between their Province and this Colony to be renewed, by persons appointed by both Governments, this assembly doth appoint and empower Capt. Jonathan Selleck, Lieut. Samuel Peck (and one other) to joint with those appointed by the Government of Newyork in running said line and erecting bound marks."

(The Samuel Peck referred to is No. 5 of direct ancestors of the Peck Ancestry given hereafter, p. 74. The Sellecks and Pecks were related in business affairs of the Colony in 1700 and by marriage 111 years later when Benjamin Selleck married Deborah Peck.)

"Oct. 8, 1674. This Court appoints Lieut. Jonathan Selleck forthwith to run the line between this Colony and the Colony of Newyork from Monmoronock River to Hudson River.

"Nov. 14, 1683, Nathan Gold (and four others), are appointed a committee to visit New York, to meet Col. Tho. Dungan, Esq., Gov. of his Highness the Duke of Yorke, to congratulate him on his safe arrival in these parts, according to your commission, which you may show him.

"In treating with him about settlement of bounds between that territory and this Colony, you should not exceed his demands of twenty miles eastward from Hudson River, but get him to take up as little as may be.

"You are to see his power to treat and conclude, or if that appear not to your satisfaction, then you must treat and conclude only conditionally, and with this proviso, that his Magesty and the Duke's Highness shall please to ratify it.

"You are to remember to make his Honor sensible how firm and legal the former settlement was, and that our varying from it, is to oblige his Honor and promote a perpetual good correspondence between this and his Magesty's colony and his royal Highness' territories and the successive Governors of them both.

"May 8, 1684. The Court having heard the agreement made by the Committee, to settle the bounds between this Colony and New York, they approve of what was done and appoint Maj. Nathan Gold, Jonathan Selleck and John Burr, who are hereby commissioned to attend the service of laying out the line."



DEBORAH SELLECK

Johnathan Selleck was undoubtedly a man ahead of his time. The fact that his library, that he bequeathed to Rev. John Davenport, contained numerous volumes of Latin, Greek and Hebrew, is evidence that he was a learned man.

The Colonial style of spelling and composition does not exist in his writings, but they will pass with the best of the present day.

JOHN SELLECK

In 1673 John Selleck was on his way in a small boat, called "Catch," to Long Island, to procure lumber for building. The war between England and Holland was in progress, and the Prince of Orange sent a fleet of twenty vessels to destroy the commerce of the English Colonies in America. This fleet captured John Selleck and his craft and took it to New York, where Nathan Gold was one of the Corporals of the Garrison, and he sent John Selleck to Governor Winthrop with an account of the proceedings of the Dutch. Whereupon army reinforcements were sent. Nevertheless the Dutch held the "Catch" in New York until the next year—1674, when peace was concluded between England and Holland.

(See Calendar of State Papers. Colonial Vol. 7, America and West Indies, pp. 521-522.)

DEBORAH PECK SELLECK

She lived to be eighty-eight years old and was particularly bright and active in her advanced age.

The fact of her going horseback riding on her eightieth birthday is evidence in that direction.

There are a number of Sellecks who lived a long life. Sturgis Selleck, aged ninety-three in 1916, states he had several relatives that attained over eighty-five years, and reports from others in Stamford, Conn., show numerous cases of longevity.

This is something to be proud of, because it shows a proper mode of life. The fact that only one Selleck has been found to be ashamed of is gratifying. He was sent on approval the "Selleck and Peck Genealogy," with a letter stating if he wanted to keep it he could remit \$3.00, if not he could return it. He paid no attention to several letters, but finally receipted for a registered letter sent him containing nine cents to pay return postage on the book. He kept both book and nine cents.

The forty old deeds, bonds and recorded papers, that were part of Deborah Peck Selleck's personal property, sold at auction as provided by her will, as stated on page 69 of first book, have since been presented to the State Library of Connecticut at Hartford by the writer, and is called "The Selleck Collection."

LIZZIE PATTERSON SELLECK

Born in Barreville, Ill., Dec. 17, 1870. Maria Louise Shaver, her mother, was born in Wyoming, Penn., Nov. 3, 1844; her father Frank Dayton Patterson was born in Nunda, McHenry County, Ill., April 21, 1841, died in Denver, Colo., Sept. 8, 1899.

John Gay, her first ancestor in this country arrived about 1630. Samuel his first child and oldest son was born March 10, 1639. John, third child of Samuel, was born June 25, 1668. He had a son born July 8, 1699, who was the father of Colonel Ebenezer Gay of Sharon, Conn., born in Litchfield, Conn., Dec. 26, 1725. He married Nov. 21, 1765, Elizabeth Fairbanks, born 1745, died Dec. 8, 1827. Colonel Ebenezer Gay served in the Revolutionary war.

1st. See Records of Connecticut Men in the Revolutionary War, pp. 401, 437, 513.

2nd. See Sedgwick's History of Sharon Connecticut, published in 1840, pp. 49-53.

3rd. Family records kept by Colonel Ebenezer Gay and his son Fisher.

The first references tell of the various ranks and promotions of Colonel Gay. The second shows some of the services he performed. Nearly, if not all, of these records were in the possession of Fisher Gay of Wyoming, Penn., great grandfather of Lizzie P. Selleck. He was born May 6, 1778. He married Elizabeth Mygatt Feb. 8, 1801, in Ameina, Duchess Co., N. Y., born March 23, 1761, died 1827, great grandmother of Lizzie P. Selleck. She descended from Joseph Mygatt who emigrated to America from England in 1633 on the ship "Griffin" with Thomas Hooker.

Lizzie P. Selleck, when eighteen years of age, with her parents went to Berlin, Germany, to complete her education; spent two and one-half years, mostly in Berlin and the rest of the time traveling on the European Continent.

In 1908 she accompanied William E. Selleck and her son Wm. Dayton Selleck on a Mediterranean cruise, visiting the principal ports of the Mediterranean, including the Holy Land and Egypt.

She is now the First Reader of First Church of Christ, Scientist, Superior, Wis.

SELLECK MEMORIAL

STURGIS SELLECK

SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
Abigail Law 1637-1711	= Jonathan Selleck 1641-1715
Abigail Gold	= Jonathan Selleck 1664-1710
Sarah Sands 1696-1789	= Nathan Selleck 1684-1772
Sarah Selleck 1723-	= Nathaniel Selleck 1725- Son of David Selleck, 1700-, and Mercy Waterbury; m. Aug. 7, 1744.
Caty Beatys Dau. of James Beatys and Mary Hull. <i>Children:</i> Benjamin Sturgis and Anna	= Nathaniel Selleck
Mary Hull 1763-1848 Dau. of Denny Hull and Mary Platt	= Sturgis Selleck 1762-1852
Louisa Phillips 1824-1904	= Sturgis Selleck 1823-



STURGIS SELLECK



STURGIS SELLECK

Sturgis Selleck 1823-, son of Sturgis Selleck 1762-1852, and Mary Hull, 1763-1848.

Sturgis was married at Newcastle, Pa., 1849 to Louise Phillips, 1824-1904. They had two daughters. He built a picturesque cottage at Hudson, Wisconsin for a summer residence, while in business at Columbus, O.

In 1916 Sturgis Selleck is probably the oldest Selleck alive. He was born June 19, 1823, and resides in Los Angeles, Cal., making four generations of Sellecks represented at the present time. In a letter written Dec. 20, 1915, he says: "I am in good health. Everything I eat agrees with me. Am cheerful and happy." He is, and has been President of two Clubs composed of old residents of Los Angeles,—the "Octogenarian," and "Centenarian" Clubs. The latter has one woman member 105 years old and fourteen members, none less than 90 years old. Nathan Selleck born 1684 was his great great grandfather. He is a member of the Illinois Society of the order of "Founders and Patriots of America."

SELLECK MEMORIAL

KIBBY OR KEBBY

RACHAEL 1635-1657	= HENRY KIBBY 1632-1661
SUSANNAH KIBBY	= DAVID SELLECK -1654
ABIGAIL LAW	= JANATHAN SELLECK, SR. 1641-1713
ABIGAIL GOLD 1701-1772	= JONATHAN SELLECK, JR. 1664-1710
SARAH SANDS 1696-1789	= NATHAN SELLECK 1684-1772
MARY RAYMOND 1723-1812	= SANDS SELLECK 1714-1772
MARY BELDEN -1812	= SIMEON SELLECK 1744-
DEBORAH PECK 1789-1877	= BENJAMIN SELLECK
ELIZA AYRES 1811-1858	= SANDS EDWIN SELLECK 1812-1865
FLORA THORNE	= WILLIAM EDWIN SELLECK 1841-
LIZZIE PATTERSON 1870-	= JUNE MONTROSS SELLECK 1867-
	WILLIAM DAYTON SELLECK 1892-

KIBBY OR KEBBY

John Kebby, a prosperous vintner of London, died in 1642 and left by will ten pounds to his niece, Susan Kibby — administered by his widow. Date of Will June 21, 1641. The Will states:

"I give and bequeath unto my brother Henry Kibby now living in New England ten pounds of lawful money of England, to be paid unto him within six months after my decease. In case he shall not be then living, I do then give and bequeath his said legacy of ten pounds unto his daughter Susan Sellick, if she shall then be living."

Henry Kibby, 1632-1661, a freeman in the 1642 list, married Rachel, who died July 16, 1657. Henry, in a hurry married, second, Grizel Gurney, Aug. 8, 1657. He belonged to the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Co. of Boston in 1644. His daughter Susan, or Susannah, who inherited £10 from her uncle John, married David Selleck, -1654. She was admitted to the First Church of Boston Jan. 25, 1643.

In the proceedings of the Mass. Hist. Society, 2d, Series, vol. iii, p. 7, there is some evidence, but not conclusive, that Susannah married Robert Tilman, and was criticized for doing so, so soon after David's death.

SELLECK MEMORIAL

LAW

Margaret Kilbourne = Richard Law
1607-1683 1601-1687

Susannah Kibby = David Selleck
-1654

Sarah Clark = Jonathan Law, Sr.
1636-1711

Abigail Law = Jonathan Selleck, Sr.
1637-1711 1641-1713

Eunice (Hall) Andrew = Hon. Jonathan Law, Jr.
1674-1750
Colonial Governor of Conn.

Abigail Gold = Jonathan Selleck, Jr.
-1711 1664-1710

Ann Prentiss = Richard Law
1743- 1733-1806

Sarah Sands = Nathan Selleck
1696-1789 1684-1772

Mary Raymond = Sands Selleck
1723-1812 1714-1722

Mary Belden = Simeon Selleck
1744-

Deborah Peck = Benjamin Selleck
1789-1877 -1846

Eliza Ayres = Sands Edwin Selleck
1811-1858 1812-1865

Flora Thorne = William Edwin Selleck
1841-

Lizzie Patterson = June Montross Selleck
1870- 1867-

= William Dayton Selleck
1892-

RICHARD LAW

The parents of Richard Law have not been definitely ascertained, but he was probably of Scotch origin.

Richard Law, 1610-1686, was King's Attorney, a Lawyer and Counsellor and called "the first gentleman of the Colony." He came in 1635 from London to New England.

It is stated by historians that the immigrants to New England in 1635 comprised a larger proportion of the higher classes than earlier immigrants.

It is supposed that Richard Law first went to Watertown, Mass., but in 1638 he was at Wethersfield, Conn., and in 1640 at Stamford, Conn.

He married Margaret Kilbourne, 1607-1683, and their daughter Abigail Law married Jonathan Selleck, Sr., 1641-1713. Their daughter Sarah Law married John Selleck. Their son, Jonathan Law, Sr., 1636-1711, of Milford, Conn., married Sarah Clark, daughter of Ensign George Clark, Sr., a planter of Milford, Conn., and their son Hon. Jonathan Law, Jr., 1674-1750, was Colonial Governor of Connecticut, 1742-1751.

The Governor's fifth wife, Eunice, was mother of Richard Law, 1733-1806. Richard Law was a member of the Governor's Council, Mayor of New London, Conn., 1784, and Chief Justice of the Superior Court of Connecticut. (See New England Reg., vol. i, p. 280). He married Ann Prentiss, 1743, daughter of Captain John Prentiss (a famous sea captain) and his wife Sarah Christophers. She was a direct descendant of Elder Wm. Brewster of the "Mayflower."

NATHAN GOLD

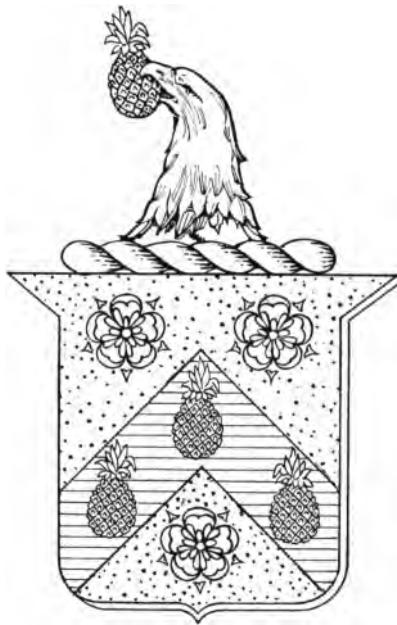
The Golds did not add the "u" to their name until 1806 when Jason Gold called himself Jason Gould. (See E. B. Huntington, Stamford, Conn., B. M. & D., 1874; also see Gold's History, Cornwall, Conn., p. 284.)

Major Nathan Gold came from St. Edmundsbury, England, to Fairfield, Conn., in 1646. He was a gentleman of education and wealth. (See K. E. Perry: "Old Burying Ground of Fairfield, Conn.," 1882, p. 125.)

Some of the property purchased by him in 1653 remained in possession of the family for two hundred years or more. He married Martha Harvey, widow of Edward Harvey of Fairfield, and held many of the highest official positions in the gift of the Colony. He was a member of the Council 1657-1694. Major of the Train Band of Militia, the highest military rank of the time. For thirty years he was Assistant in the General Court of Assembly, a position corresponding to our present State Senator. Representative of the First Colonial Congress in New York. He was one of the nineteen petitioners named in the Charter of Connecticut, dated "April 12th, in the fourteenth year of the reign of Charles II." This Charter specified one Governor; one Deputy Governor and twelve Assistants, Nathan Gold being one of the twelve assistants. His daughter Abigail Gold married Jonathan Selleck, Jr., of Stamford, Conn. In his will, among other bequests, he gave "Abigail, wife of Jonathan Selleck," certain property. The original will was in the vault of the Court House at Fairfield, Conn., April 9, 1912, and was read by the writer.

His only son, Hon. Nathan Gold, 1663-1723, married first, Hannah Talcott 1663-1696, daughter of Col. John Talcott of Hartford, and second, Helena Wakeman. (See "Journal of American History," vol. vii, p. 921, for Talcott Arms.)

Nathan Gold, Jr., was in 1695 Captain of the Train Band, Deputy to the General Court, 1692-1694; was Deputy Gover-

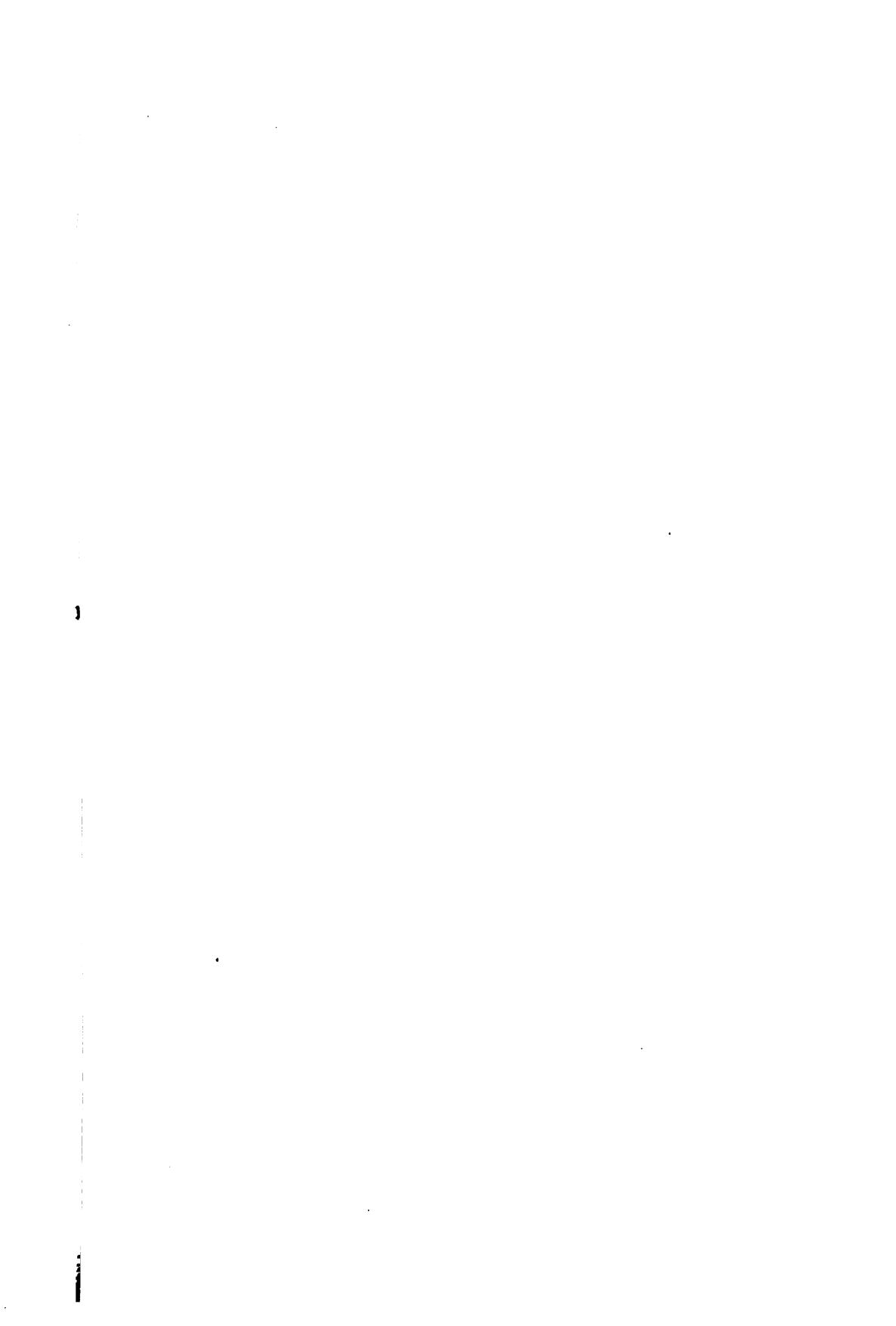


GOLD

ARMS: Or, on a chevron, between three roses, azure, three pineapples.

CREST: An eagle's head erased, azur; in the beak a pineapple.

(See Burke's General Armory, London, 1884, p. 407.)





nor of the Colony of Connecticut, 1708-1723, and Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, 1712-1723; so it will be seen that Nathan Jr., held higher position than his father the immigrant.

Abigail Gold, who died 1711, one year later than her husband, Jonathan Selleck, Jr., was sister to Deputy Governor Nathan Gold. Abigail was ancestor of the Sillimans of Yale, and Nathan was ancestor of Jay Gould, 1836-1892, the financial magnate of his day, and through Nathan's son, Samuel Gold, 1692-1766, the Sellecks are collaterally connected with Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, 1807-1882, the poet loved by every American and well known to all the world.

Rev. Hezekiah Gold, 1694-1761, married Mary Ruggles of Guilford, Conn. He was the fifth child of Nathan, Jr., and their son Rev. Hezekiah Gold had a son Thomas Gold, 1760-1827, who acquired great wealth and married Martha Marsh. They had a large and imposing residence in East Street, Pittsfield, Mass. In this fine residence stood the "Old Clock on the Stairs" the subject of an immortal poem by Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.

LONGFELLOW

Alice = William Mullins
of "Mayflower" of the "Mayflower"

Priscilla Mullins = John Alden
of "Mayflower" of "Mayflower"
-1650 1599-1687

Elizabeth Alden = William Peabodie
-1717 1620-1707

Priscilla Peabodie = Rev. Ichabod Wiswall
1653-1742 1637-1700

Mercy Wiswell = John Wadsworth

Susanna Sampson = Peleg Wadsworth

Elizabeth Bartlett = Gen. Peleg Wadsworth

Zilpah Wadsworth = Stephen Longfellow

Fanny Elizabeth Appleton = Henry Wadsworth Longfellow
1817-1861 1807-1882

Daughter of Maria Theresa Gold, Poet
Gt. Gt. Grand-daughter of Hon. (See Gold Chart.)
Nathan Gold whose sister Abigail
Gold -1711, married Jonathan
Selleck, Jr., 1664-1760.

HENRY W. LONGFELLOW

Born in Portland, Maine, Feb. 27, 1807. In his early days he wrote, "Whatever I study I ought to be engaged in with all my soul, for I will be eminent in something." In his junior year he wrote, "I most eagerly aspire after future eminence in literature. My whole soul burns most ardently for it, and every earthly thought centers in it. Nature has given me a very strong predilection for literary pursuits, and I am almost confident in believing that if I ever rise in the world it must be by the exercise of my talent in the wide field of literature."

When nineteen years of age he went to Europe to study languages to enable him to accept a chair of modern languages in Bowdoin. He visited France, Spain, Italy and Germany. During the time he was abroad he mastered the French, Spanish and Italian languages, and acquired enough of the German to read it readily. He filled the position satisfactorily to all concerned. Before he was twenty-eight years of age he was offered the chair of modern languages at Harvard. This involved another visit to Europe, with special reference to the study of German and Scandinavian literatures. Accompanied by his wife he set out for Europe in the spring of 1835. While at Rotterdam his wife fell sick, and died there after a short illness. While in Switzerland he met and married the daughter of Hon. Nathan Appleton of Boston, Mass. Of her he said she was of "majestic figure, her every step, every attitude, was graceful and yet lofty as if inspired by the soul within, and that soul was like the Pantheon at Rome, lighted only from above."

He returned from Europe in the fall of 1836 and at once entered upon his duties at Harvard. After his death his bust was placed in the Poet's Corner of Westminster Abbey, an honor then for the first time bestowed on an American.

If not the greatest, he is certainly the most popular of American poets, and he is so because he addresses the great heart of humanity. He has the broadest sympathies and the keenest

perception of the beautiful in nature and in human life, but he fails to detect the hidden springs of action and to sound the deeper passions of man. He is an interpreter, not an originator. In his verse the arbitrary and the accidental fade away, and the life of our race becomes one continuous stream, freighted with enduring memories, and lighted by immortal hopes. Mr. Longfellow died March 24, 1882.¹

He was a man of an impressionable and sprightly nature and of great sweetness and purity of life, knowing neither enemies nor rivals.

His genius was essentially lyrical and his refined facility in literature gave him his capital rather than his power of analysis and of thought.

He is the first of American and perhaps of modern English poets in popularity, and a hundred translations from his work have been made in eighteen languages of the world. ("The Americana.")

The Longfellow family were Puritans and the poet through his mother, Zilpha Wadsworth, was a descendant of seven "Mayflower" Pilgrims: Elder William Brewster, his wife Mary and son Love Brewster; William Mullens, his wife and daughter Priscilla,² and John Alden.

¹"The National Cyclopædia of Am. Biography," vol. ii, p. 160.

²See "Maine Hist. and General Recorder," vol. ix, May 1898, p. 160.

AARON BURR

Born Newark, N. J., Feb. 6, 1756, died Sept. 14, 1836, graduate of Princeton College.

At the outbreak of the Revolution, Burr enlisted as a private. He took part in the attack upon Quebec, and for the service he was raised to the rank of Major. As Aide-de-Camp to General Putman, Burr was engaged in the defense of New York. In 1777 was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel. In the spring of 1779 he resigned his commission, partly on account of ill health and partly through disappointment at not being more rapidly promoted. He did not favor General Washington. In politics his success was rapid and brilliant. He was Attorney-General of New York in 1780 and United States Senator in 1791. While in the Senate, several influential members of Congress recommended him for the mission to France, but Washington with marked emphasis refused to appoint him. Some aspersions upon his conduct while in the state legislature, by John B. Church, led to a duel between them. Neither party was injured.

Burr became Vice-President in 1801. The Federalists nominated him for Governor of New York in 1804. Some of the leading men of the party refused to support him and he was defeated. In 1800 he and Jefferson each had seventy-three electoral votes for the office of President of the United States. The choice was thus left to Congress, which on the thirty-sixth ballot chose Jefferson for President.

The contest was bitter and led to a duel between Burr and Alexander Hamilton, July 11, 1804, in which the latter was killed.

He was suspected of attempt to organize an expedition to invade Mexico for the purpose of establishing an empire which should embrace some of the southwestern states of the Union. For this he was arrested and tried for treason; was acquitted in September, 1807.

In 1808 he went to Europe to get means to carry out his Mexican design. He was disappointed, and after living abroad

for four years, part of the time in extreme poverty, he returned to America in 1812. In 1833 he married Mrs. Jumel, a wealthy widow, but they soon separated.

In person he was below the medium height, but his manners and presence were very attractive. He was not a great orator, yet he was an effective and ready speaker.

In regard to the looseness of his principles there can be no doubt, but there is a growing tendency to relieve his name of much of the odium that formerly attached to it.

Burr was a man of much ability and very brilliant and popular talents, but his influence was destroyed by his unscrupulous political acts and his grossly immoral conduct in private life.¹

¹"Universal Cyclopædia," vol. ii, p. 234.



•Sandys•

HERALDIC DESCRIPTION

ARMS: *Or*, a fesse dabcettée between three cross-crosslets fitchée *gules*.

CREST: A griffin segreant per fesse *or* and *gules*.

MOTTO: *Probum non poenitet.*

SANDYS (SANDS)

= Robert Sandys

= John Sandys

= William Sandys

Margaret Rawson = William Sandys

Margaret Dixon = William Sandys

Cicely Wilford = Apb. Edwin Sandys

1519-1588
Archbishop of York

Priscilla Chauncey = Henry Sandys

-1572

Sarah Walker = Capt. James Sandys
-1709 1622-1695

Dorothy Ray = Capt. Samuel Sands
1670- 1656-1730

Sarah Sands = Nathan Selleck
1696-1709 1684-1772

Mary Raymond = Sands Selleck
1723-1812 1714-1772

Mary Belden = Simeon Selleck
1744-

Deborah Peck = Benjamin Selleck
1789-1877

Eliza Ayres = Sands Edwin Selleck
1811-1858 1812-1865

Flora Thorne = William Edwin Selleck
1841

Lizzie Patterson = June Montross Selleck
1870- 1867-

= William Dayton Selleck
1892-

SANDS

Robert Sandys of Rattenby Castle, St. Bees, Cumberland, in 1399, was the direct ancestor of Sir Wm. Sandys, one of the characters in Shakespeare's historical play "Henry VIII." Three peerages and three baronetcies have been conferred on the Sandys. All are now in abeyance or expired.

Archbishop Edwin Sandys, born in Lancashire, 1519, died July 10, 1588, educated at Cambridge, supported the claims of Lady Jane Grey to the crown, refused to proclaim Queen Mary and was imprisoned in the Tower of London, July 25, 1553; liberated and escaped to the Continent in May, 1554; returned to England on the succession of Queen Elizabeth in 1558; made Bishop of Worcester, Dec. 21, 1559; assisted in new translation of the Bible in 1565. Bishop of London, 1570; Archbishop of York in 1577. By his first wife, Miss Sandys, a relative, it seems he had no children. He married secondly, about 1559, Cicily, the sister of Sir Thomas Wilford, and by her had seven sons and two daughters.¹

The eldest son of Cicily Wilford was Sir Samuel Sandys, Knight, born 3 A.M., Dec. 28, 1560, who was High Sheriff of Worcester Co. in 1619; he was the owner of the famous "Scrooby Manor," of which Elder Brewster was tenant when the "Mayflower" Pilgrims met there as "Separatists"—Sir Samuel married Mercy Colpeper. One of his daughters married Sir Francis Wyatt, Governor of the Colony of Virginia, in 1621.

The third son of the Archbishop was Sir Myles Sandys of Cambridgeshire, born 12 o'clock in the morning March 29, 1563; created a Baronet in 1612. His name appears in the second Charter of Virginia and he represented his Colony in Parliament.

Thomas Sandys, the eighth child of Edwin Sandys, was born 3 P.M., Dec. 3, 1568. His godfather was Sir Thomas Lucy.

¹See "Bradhurst's Family Chart," p. 168, and Brown's "Genesis of the United States," vol. ii, p. 991.



GEORGE SANDS



EDWIN SANDYS



(Sir Thomas Lucy is Shakespeare's *Mr. Justice Shallow* in "Merry Wives of Windsor.") He married Margaret Tyas.

Henry Sandys the eighth child of Edwin Sandys, born between eight and nine o'clock at night September 30, 1572, married Priscilla Chauncey of Northamptonshire; mentioned in the Second Charter of Virginia.

George Sandys, born 6 A.M., March 2, 1577-1643, the youngest son of Archbishop Edwin Sandys. Came to America and was Treasurer of Virginia, and member of the Council of 1621. He translated Ovid's "Metamorphoses" on the banks of James River. Dryden calls him "the best versifier of the former age." He introduced the first water mill into America and his portrait is attractive. He was an accomplished gentleman with black silvered hair, eyes mild and intelligent, and in his slashed doublet and lace collar was a combination of the scholar, the courtier and the soldier."¹

Robert Sandys, eldest son of Thomas Sandys married Alice Washington, daughter of Mr. Lawrence Washington of Sulgrave, aunt of Colonel John Washington, the immigrant ancestor of General George Washington; i.e., she was the sister of John Washington's father.²

Captain James Sands, 1622-1695, son of Henry Sands from Berkshire, Eng., married Sarah Walker. Children: JOHN, James, SAMUEL, Edward, Sarah, Mercy.

He built for himself a stone house at Block Island, R. I., and S. F. Livermore, in his history of that town, says: "He was an intimate friend of Roger Williams and the first Representative from Block Island to the Rhode Island General Assembly in 1665; commanded the new Shoreham Company in King Philip's War.

Through Mercy Sands, his daughter, who in 1683 married Joshua Raymond, 1660-1704, the Sellecks are collaterally connected with Oliver Hazard Perry. His daughter Mary married Nathan Selleck, December 2, 1710, being his second wife.

¹"Virginia," by John Esten Cooke, p. 140.

²See "Genesis of the United States," pp. 901 to 996, vol. ii.

Captain Samuel Sands married Dorothy Ray, and their daughter Sarah Sands, 1696-1789, married Nathan Selleck, 1684-1772, his third wife. The father of Dorothy Ray, 1670, was Simon Ray, Jr., 1635-1737, who lived to the age of 102, and her mother was a great granddaughter of Roger Williams. Dorothy's brother, Simon Ray, 1672-1755, had a daughter Anna Ray, 1728, who married Governor Samuel Ward of Rhode Island, and another daughter Phebe, 1733, married Wm. Littlefield of Block Island. Catharene Littlefield, their daughter, married Major-General Nathaniel Greene, 1742-1786, one of the prominent officers of the Revolution.

SILLIMAN

Benjamin Silliman, Sr., M.D., L.L.D., born at North Stratford (now Trumbull), Conn., Aug. 8, 1779-1864, son of General Gold Selleck Silliman, grandson of Abigail Selleck, 1707-1772.

The history of the Silliman family points to Italian origin, but Daniel Silliman, the first to settle in the United States, came from Holland. He received his early education at Fairfield, Conn., at that time the residence of the family. A lawyer and colonel of Connecticut Cavalry during the Revolution. Graduated at Yale College, 1796; was a tutor there, 1799-1802; studying law in the meantime, was admitted to the bar 1802, and in the same year chosen Professor of Chemistry in Yale College. Gave his first full course of lectures on Chemistry at Yale in the winter of 1804-1805; spent fourteen months in England, Scotland and Holland, 1805-1806, engaged in the prosecution of his studies; made a geological survey of a part of Connecticut, the first exploration of the kind in America; aided by Dr. Robert Hare in his experiments with the compound blow pipe, with which instrument he demonstrated the fusibility of several bodies never before fused; was the first to notice and record the effect of a powerful battery in volatilizing carbon and transforming it from the negative to the positive pole in the state of vapor. He was

the author of numerous scientific books and publications. One of the earliest scientific publications was an account of the famous meteorite which fell at Weston, Conn., Dec. 14, 1807. This account, which excited great public interest in the country, was reproduced abroad and was read before the Royal Society of London and also before the French Academy.

He explored the coal fields of Pennsylvania in 1836, and the same year made an examination of the gold mines of Virginia. In 1832 and 1833, by appointment of the U. S. Government, he made a scientific investigation of the culture and manufacture of sugar, embodying his results in a voluminous report published by the Government.

The public lectures which he delivered in the college and various towns and cities of the United States were enthusiastically received. The happy combination of a graceful and interesting style, with unwonted splendor of experimental illustration gave these lectures an unprecedented popularity, and they excited a powerful influence in awakening and developing a taste for scientific matters throughout the country.

In 1840 he was selected the First President of the American Association of Geologists and Naturalists.¹

¹"Universal Encyclopædia," p. 633.

BENJAMIN SILLIMAN, JR. M.D., LL.D.

Scientist; son of Benjamin Silliman, great-grandson of Abigail Selleck, born at New Haven, Conn., Dec. 4, 1816; graduated at Yale College, 1837; became associate editor of "Silliman's Journal of Science" in 1838 and associate proprietor (with James D. Dana). Was an instructor in Chemistry, Mineralogy and Geology in Yale College, 1838-1846. Became Professor of Applied Chemistry 1846, and successor to his father in the Chair of Chemistry, 1854, which position he held in the medical de-

partment until his death. In 1847, in connection with Professor John P. Norton, he established the Yale Scientific School, which has since grown into the Sheffield Scientific School. He was also Professor of Medical Chemistry and Toxicology in the University of Louisville, Kentucky, 1849-1854. Visited Europe with his father in 1851. Was a director in the department of chemistry, mineralogy and geology in the Crystal Palace World's Fair at New York, 1853. Was for many years Secretary of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, in which capacity he edited the "Volumes of Proceedings." Edited and published numerous works on scientific topics; was a popular lecturer on scientific subjects.

In the winter of 1845-1846 he gave a course of lectures on Agricultural Chemistry in New Orleans, which is believed to have been the first course of lectures on that subject ever given in the United States.

In 1854 he succeeded his father as Professor of Chemistry and continued to give instructions in this science, first in the academical and afterwards in the medical department of Yale College until his death in 1885.

In 1864 and again in 1867 and 1872 he visited California, being engaged in professional work connected with various mines and mineralogical and geological explorations.

In 1874, the Centennial Anniversary of Priestley's discovery of oxygen, he delivered at Northumberland, Pa., where Priestley had resided during the latter years of his life, an historical address on "American Contributions to Chemistry," which he afterwards expanded into a considerable volume.

REV. THOMAS HOOKER

1690-1709

Susanna Hooker married Nathan Selleck, Aug. 12, 1708. "The Descendants of Thomas Hooker," 1586-1647, published by Margaret Huntington Hooker in 1909 at Rochester, N. Y., shows Susanna Hooker as descendant No. 94. She was the only child of William Hooker of Farmington, Conn. She had only one child, named Susanna. Her ancestor, Rev. Thomas Hooker, was one of the founders of Hartford, Conn.

The "National Cyclopædia of American Biography," vol. vi, p. 497, states he was very prominent in the establishment of the Constitution adopted by Connecticut in 1639. John Fisk said of this Constitution: "It was the first written Constitution known to history that created a Government, and it marked the beginning of American Democracy, of which Thomas Hooker deserves more than any other, the man to be called the father. The Government of the United States to-day is, in lineal descent, more nearly related to that of Connecticut than to that of any other of the thirteen Colonies."

"The 'Compact' drawn up in the Mayflower cabin was not in the strict sense a constitution, which is a document defining and limiting the functions of a Government—Magna Charter partook of the nature of a written constitution as far as it went, but it did not create a government."¹

¹See John Fisk's "The Beginning of New England," p. 127.

RAYMOND

Judith = Capt. Richard Raymond
-1692

Elizabeth Smith = Joshua Raymond, Sr.

1639-1676

Mercy Sands = Joshua Raymond, Jr.
-1741 | 1660-1704

= Sands Raymond
1684-

Elizabeth Christopher = Joshua Raymond
1697-

= Samuel Raymond
1701-

Elizabeth Raymond = Oliver Hazard

Mary Raymond = Sands Selleck
1723-1812 1714-1772

Mercy Hazard = Hon. Freeman Perry
1740-1810 1733-1813

Mary Belden = Simeon Selleck
-1812 1744-

Sarah Alexander = Christopher Raymond Perry
1761-1818
Commodore

Deborah Peck = Benjamin Selleck
1789-1877

Elizabeth C. Mason = Oliver Hazard Perry
1785-1819
Commodore
Hero of Battle of Lake Erie

Eliza Ayres = Sands Edwin Selleck
1812-1865

Flora Thorne = William Edwin Selleck
1841-

Lizzie Patterson = June Montross Selleck
1870- 1867-

= William Dayton Selleck
1892-



RAYMOND

ARMS: Sable, a chevron between three eagles displayed argent. On a chief or, a rose between two fleur-de-lis, gules.
(See Burke, "General Armory," 1884, p. 842.)



RAYMOND

Captain Richard Raymond reached Salem, Mass., about 1634. For two years he lived in Norwalk, Conn. In 1664 he settled in Saybrook, Conn., where he died, 1692. His son, Joshua Raymond, 1639-1676, was a soldier in several Indian wars and laid out the road from New London to Norwich, Conn. For his services he received land in Mohegan, where he built a home-stead.

He married Elizabeth Smith, daughter of Nehemiah Smith and Ann Bourn. Their son, Joshua Raymond, Jr., 1660-1704, married 1683, Mercy Sands, daughter of James Sands, part owner of Block Island, R. I., whose granddaughter, Elizabeth Raymond, married Oliver Hazard of R. I. Their daughter Mercy Hazard, 1740-1810, married Judge Freeman Perry, 1733-1813, of South Kingston, R. I. Their son, Commander Christopher Raymond Perry, 1761-1818, was the father of Oliver Hazzard Perry, 1785-1819, hero of the battle of Lake Erie. (See "Hazzard Family of Rhode Island," by C. E. Robinson, page 62. Also see H. A. Baker: "Hist. of Montville, Ct.," 1896, p. 575.)

Sands Raymond, 1684, son of Joshua and Mercy, lived in Montville, also his son Samuel, born 1701. Their daughter, Mary Raymond, 1723-1812, married Sands Selleck, 1714-1772, from whom the line runs through the Sellecks, as shown, to William Dayton Selleck, 1892- .

OLIVER HAZARD PERRY

1785-1819

In 1799 he entered the U. S. Navy as a midshipman on the "General Green," which was under command of his father. The U. S. Schooner "Revenge" sank upon Watch Hill Reef while he was in command. An official court of inquiry acquitted him of all blame.

In March, 1813, having been raised to the rank of Captain, he was made Master Commandant and subsequently undertook the construction and equipment of a fleet for service; built and manned nine vessels on Lake Erie, distinguished himself during the attack which resulted in the capture of Fort George.

On Sept. 10, 1813, he defeated the British in the battle of Lake Erie. In the midst of the fight Perry daringly changed flag ships. Both fleets sustained great damage; 123 Americans were killed or wounded and 135 British. This gave the whole of Lake Erie to American control, and Perry found himself a popular hero.

Perry immediately after the battle and victory sent a dispatch to General Harrison, which has become famous in American history: "We have met the enemy and they are ours." Perry became in the estimation of the people one of the chief heroes of the war, and high honors were paid him wherever he went. Congress gave him a gold medal in recognition of his service.

He died of yellow fever near the Island of Trinidad on his birthday, 1819.¹

¹Funk and Wagnall's "Encyclopædia," vol. xix, p. 313. "The Americana."



BELDEN

ARMS: Argent, a fesse between three fleur-de-lis, sable. (See "Baildon and Baildons," by W. P. Baildon, F.R.S., 1913.)

BELDEN

= Sir Francis Baildon

= Capt. Richard Belden
1591-1655

Lydia Standish = John Belden
1631-

Mary Wright = Jonathan Belden
1660-1734

Abigail Robbins = Silas Belden
1691-

Hannah Hockaboom = Charles Belden
1728-

Mary Belden = Simeon Selleck
-1812 1744-

Deborah Peck = Benjamin Selleck
1789-1877

Eliza Ayres = Sands Edwin Selleck
1811-1858 1812-1865

Flora Thorne = William Edwin Selleck
1841-

Lizzie Patterson = June Montross Selleck
1870- 1867-

= William Dayton Selleck
1892-

BELDEN

As a rule English names in the United States are different in form and spelling from the original patronymic. This is so universal that if one's name corresponds identically with the name of his ancestors in England, he has reason to be surprised.

The "Baildons" of Baildon, Yorkshire, England, became "Beldens" in America. (See "History of a Yorkshire Manor," by W. Paley Baildon, F.S.A., London. See also Hinman's "Connecticut Settlers," 1852, p. 179.)

Richard Belden, 1591-1655, was son of Sir Francis Baildon. He was one of the earliest settlers of Wethersfield, Conn., where he had eight distinct tracts of land allotted to him.

His son John, born 1631, married Lydia, who was probably Lydia Standish, daughter of Thomas Standish of Wethersfield.¹

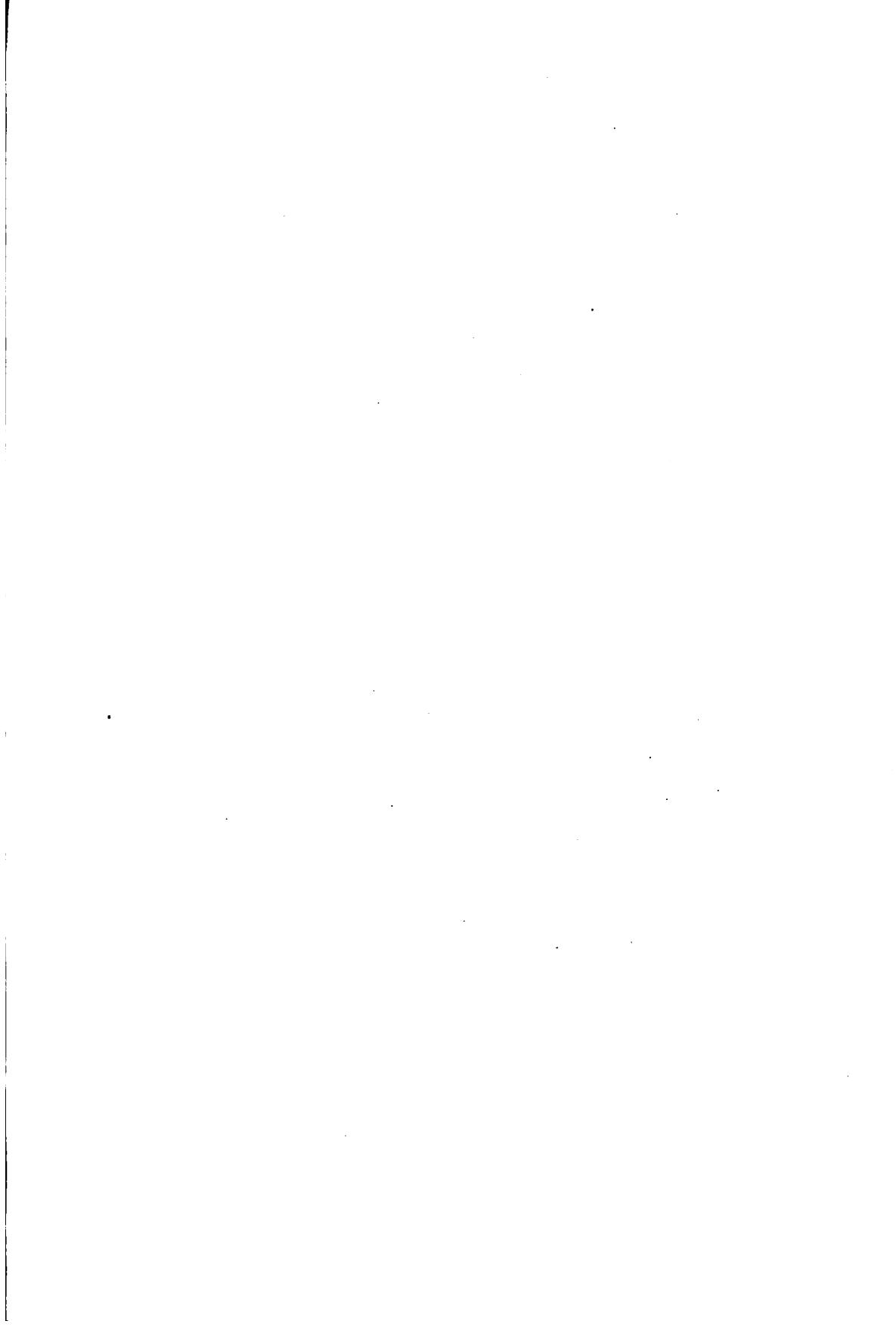
John Belden was a trooper of Norwalk, Conn., under Major John Mason.

Lieutenant Jonathan Belden, 1660-1734, married Mary Wright, and their son Silas Belden, born 1691, married Abigail Robbins, daughter of Captain Joshua Robbins. (See Stiles, "Westerfield, Conn.," p. 80.) Their son Charles, born 1728, who married Hannah Hockaboom, went to Dover, N. Y., and their daughter Mary Belden married Simon Selleck in 1744. The line then runs to Wm. Dayton Selleck, 1892—.

Mary Belden, the wife of Simeon Selleck, 1744, was great granddaughter of Jonathan Belden, 1660-1734, whose brother Captain Joseph Belden, 1633-1724, had a son Thomas Belden, 1700-1761. The second wife of this Thomas was Ruth Wyllys, 1705, whose lineage runs directly to Edward III, King of England. (See Browning's "Americans of Royal Descent," ed. 1894, p. 35; also Stiles' "Wethersfield.")

If the Standish ancestry were more fully established there might be a collateral connection with Myles Standish, of Mayflower fame.

¹See Stiles: "Wethersfield, Ct.," 1904, vol. ii, p. 77; Boardman Ancestry, 1906, pp. 136, 207.





DRYDEN

ARMS: Azure, a lion rampant, and in chief a sphere between two etoiles, or.
CREST: On a wreath, a demi-lion, sustaining in his right paw a sphere, as in the Arms. (See Betham: "Baronetage," Lon., 1804, vol. iv, p. 280.)
(See Baker: "Northampton," Lon., vol. ii, p. 6.)

DRYDEN

= William Dryden

Isabel Nicholson = David Dryden

Elizabeth Cope = John Dryden
-1584Bridget Dryden = Rev. Francis Marbury
-1611Frances Wilkes = Sir Erasmus Dryden
1553-1632Anne Marbury = William Hutchinson
1591-1643 1586-1642
"Ann Hutchinson," Religious Enthusiast.Mary Pickering = Erasmus Dryden
-1676 1588-1654Mrs. Abigail Button = Capt. Edward Hutchinson
1613-1675 Ancestor of Gov. T. Hutchinson
1711-Elizabeth Howard = John Dryden
1631-1700 The PoetCatherine Hutchinson = John Walker
-1672 -1647Sarah Walker = Capt. James Sands
-1709 1622-1695Dorothy Ray = Capt. Samuel Sands
1670- 1656-1730Sarah Sands = Nathan Selleck
1696-1789 1684-1772Mary Raymond = Sands Selleck
1723-1812 1714-1772Mary Belden = Simeon Selleck
-1812 1744-Deborah Peck = Benjamin Selleck
1789-1877Eliza Ayres = Sands Edwin Selleck
1811-1858 1812-1865Flora Thorne = William Edwin Selleck
1841-Lizzie Patterson = June Montross Selleck
1870- 1867= William Dayton Selleck
1892-

JOHN DRYDEN

1631-1700

English poet, born at Aldwinkle in Northamptonshire, was entered at Westminster school when he was twelve years old; proceeded to Cambridge at nineteen. He took his Bachelor's degree in 1654. His father died in the same year and Dryden succeeded to two thirds, and after his mother's death to the whole of a small estate at Blakesby, where he seems never to have resided.

In 1663 he married Lady Elizabeth Howard, eldest daughter of the Earl of Berkshire. His house where he resided in London is now marked with a tablet. He was made Poet Laureate in 1670, the emoluments of which, \$1000 a year, were increased by a pension of \$500 in 1679.¹

¹Funk and Wagnall's "Standard Encyclopædia," p. 233.

ANNE HUTCHINSON

1600-1643

A religious enthusiast; leader of the "Antinomians," in New England; was born in Lincolnshire, England, about 1600. She was the daughter of a clergyman named Francis Marbury, who, according to tradition, was a cousin of John Dryden. She married William Hutchinson and in 1634 emigrated to Boston, Mass. As a follower and admirer of Rev. John Cotton, 1585-1652, her orthodoxy was suspected, and for a time she was not admitted to the church; but soon she organized meetings among the Boston women, among whom her exceptional ability and her services as a nurse had given her great influence; at these meetings she discussed and commented on recent sermons and gave expression to her own theological views. The meetings became increasingly popular, and were soon attended, not only by the women, but even by some of the ministers and magistrates, including Governor Henry Vane. At these meetings she asserted



HUTCHINSON

ARMS: Per pale, gules and azure, semeé of crosses-crosslet or; a lion rampant, argent, armed and langued of the third.

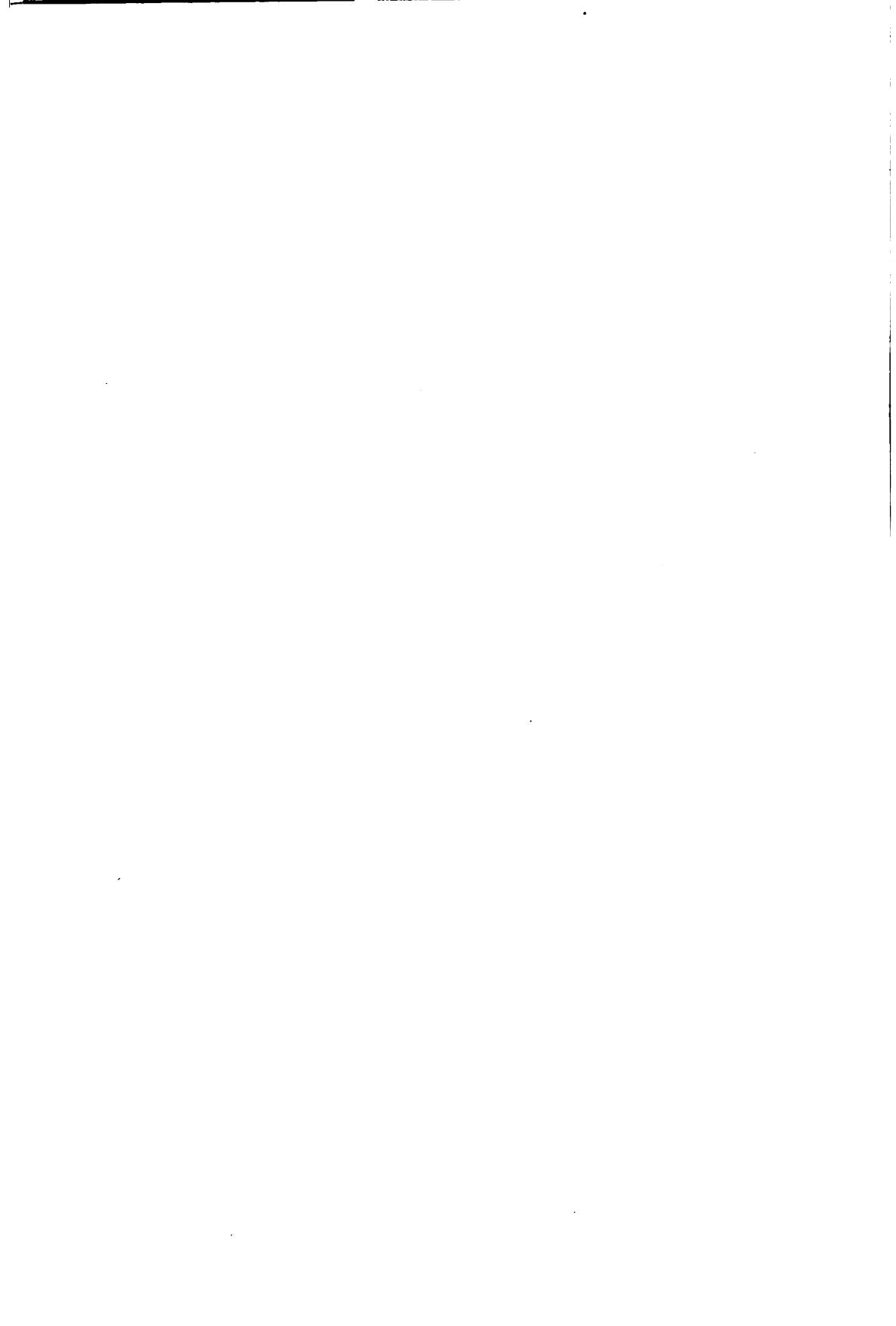
CREST: A cockatrice azure, crested, jelloped and armed gules, issuing out of a ducal crown, or.

(See Burke: "General Armory," Lon., 1884, p. 524.)

(Also See Chester: "Ancestry of Wm. Hutchinson and Anne Marbury," Boston, 1866.)

(Also see "New England Register," vol. i, p. 298.)

See Dryden Chart.



that she, Cotton, and her brother-in-law, the Rev. John Wheelwright, 1594–1679, were under a “covenant of grace,” that they had special inspiration, a “peculiar indwelling of the Holy Ghost”; whereas the Rev. John Wilson, the pastor of the Boston Church, and the other ministers of the colony were under a “covenant of works.” Anne Hutchinson was, in fact, voicing a protest against the legalism of the Massachusetts Puritans and was also striking at the authority of the clergy in an intensely theocratic community. She was supported by Governor Vane, Cotton, Wheelwright and the great majority of the Boston Church. Opposed to her were Deputy Governor John Winthrop, Wilson and all of the country magistrates and churches. At a general fast, held late in January, 1637, Wheelwright preached a sermon which was taken as a criticism of Wilson and his friends. The strength of the parties was tested at the General Court of Election of May, 1637, when Winthrop defeated Vane for the Governorship, Cotton recanted, and Vane returned to England in disgust. Wheelwright was tried and banished and the rank and file either followed Cotton in making submission or suffered various minor punishment. Mrs. Hutchinson was tried, November, 1637, by the General Court, chiefly for “traducing the ministers,” and was sentenced to banishment; later, in March, 1638, she was tried before the Boston Church and was formally excommunicated. With William Coddington, 1601–1678, John Clark and others, she established a settlement on the Island of Aquidnack (now Rhode Island) in 1638. Four years later, after the death of her husband, she settled on Long Island Sound, and was killed in an Indian rising in August, 1643; an event regarded in Massachusetts as a manifestation of Divine Providence. Anne Hutchinson and her followers were called “Antinomians” probably more as a term of reproach than with any special reference to her doctrinal theories.¹

She had fifteen children. Her husband shared her opinions. She and her whole family of fifteen persons were taken prisoner by the Indians, and all but one daughter murdered.

¹“Encyclopædia Britannica.”

SHELLEY

		= Sir Nicholas Chauncey -1523
		= John Chauncey, Gent.
	= Sir William Shelley	
Eliza Pettitt	= Robert Shelley	Joan Merton = John Chauncey -1523
Beatrix Hawkwood	= John Shelley, M. P.	Margaret Risley = John Chauncey -1528
Eliza Michelgrove	= John Shelley -1518	Joan Bustard = William Chauncey -1571
Jane Eden	= Sir Edward Shelley -1575	Bridget Shelley = Sir Tobias Chauncey -1579
Ann Sackville	= Henry Shelley	Priscilla Chauncey = Henry Sands -1572
Barbara Cromer	= Sir Henry Shelley -1612	Sarah Walker = Capt. James Sands -1709
Joan Fuste	= Richard Shelley 1583-	Dorothy Ray = Capt. Samuel Sands 1670-
Bridget Eversfield	= John Shelley 1602-1671	Sarah Sands = Nathan Selleck 1696-1789
Katherine Michel	= Timothy Shelley -1671	Mary Raymond = Sands Selleck 1723-1812
Helen Bysshe	= John Shelley 1667-1742	Mary Belden = Simeon Selleck -1812
Mrs. Johanna Plume	= Timothy Shelley 1706-1770	Deborah Peck = Benjamin Selleck 1789-1877
Mary Katherine Michell	= Sir Bysshe Shelley, Bart 1734-1760	Eliza Ayres = Sands Edwin Selleck 1811-1858
Elizabeth Pilford	= Sir Timothy Shelley 1763-1840	Flora Thorne = William Edwin Selleck 1841-
Mary Woolstonecraft Godwin	= Percy Bysshe Shelley 1797-1851	Lizzie Patterson = June Montross Selleck 1870-
	1792-1822 The Poet	= William Dayton Selleck 1892-



SHELLEY

ARMS: Sable, a fess, engrailed, between 3 whelk-shells, or.

CREST: A griffin's head, erased, argent, beaked, and ducally gorged, or.
(See Berry: "County Genealogies," County of Sussex, Lon., 1830, p. 63.)



PERCY BYSSHE SHELLEY

1792-1822

The history of the Shelley family begins with Sir Thomas and John Shelley, brothers who lost their property and their lives as followers of King Richard II, deposed 1399 by Parliament. (See Shakespeare's drama "Richard II.")

Sir Wm. Shelley, Lord of Affendary, Celsty and Applesham, Sussex, not being connected with his brothers Thomas and John, retained his possessions and his head, otherwise we should have no tale to tell and there would probably have been no poet Shelley, no "Cenci" or "Adonais."

A glance at the chart will show that the great-grandson of Sir William Shelley was John Shelley, -1526, who married Eliza Michalgrove, -1518, and they had a daughter Bridget Shelley, -1579, who became the wife of Sir Tobias Chauncey, -1607, and that they were lineal ancestors of William Dayton Selleck, 1892.¹

George E. Woodberry in his article on Shelley in "Library of the World's Best Literature," vol. xxiii, p. 13270, says:

"There is much more to say, but I will only add that what seems to me a cardinal point in the criticism of poetry — the poet's conception of womanhood — of all the poets of the century in England, Shelley is approached only by Burns in tenderness, and excels Burns in nobleness of feeling."

¹See "Sussex Archaeological Coll.," Lon., 1848, vol. i, p. 33.
(See Berry: "County Genealogies," Sussex Pedigrees, Lon., 1830, p. 63-70.)
(See Bridge: "Northampton," edited by Walley, vol. i, p. 119.)
(Also See Baker: "Northampton," vol. i, p. 494.)

WILFORD

Margareta Cormens = William Wilford

= Robert Wilford

Elizabeth Betenham = Jacob Wilford

Rosa Whetenhall = Thomas Wilford

Cicely Wilford = Apb. Edwin Sandys
1519-1588
Archbishop of York

Priscilla Chauncey = Henry Sands
1572-

Sarah Walker = Capt. James Sands
-1709 1622-1695

Dorothy Ray = Capt. Samuel Sands
1670- 1656-1730

Sarah Sands = Nathan Selleck
1696-1789 1684-1772

Mary Raymond = Sands Selleck
1723-1812 1714-1772

Mary Belden = Simeon Selleck
-1812 1744-

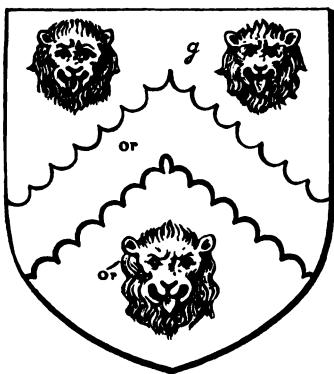
Deborah Peck = Benjamin Selleck
1789-1877

Eliza Ayres = Sands Edwin Selleck
1811-1858 1812-1865

Flora Thorne = William Edwin Selleck
1841-

Lizzie Patterson = June Montross Selleck
1870- 1867-

= William Dayton Selleck
1892-



WILFORD

ARMS: Gules, a chevron engrailed between three leopards' faces, or.
CREST: A leopard's face per pale, or, gules.
(See Surrey "Archæological Coll.," vol. vii.)

CICELY WILFORD

The Wilford family first acquired wealth as merchant tailors of London. (See "The Genealogist," vol. iv, p. 1.) William Wilford married Margaret Cornens, daughter of Walter Cornens, who was son of Sir William Cornens, Kt.

Their son Robert Wilford had three sons; Edmund, who died 1507, Peter and James. The latter, James Wilford, was a successful merchant tailor, Alderman and Sheriff of London. He married Elizabeth Betenham, daughter of John Betenham of Pluckely.

Their son John, who died 1550, was a tailor and alderman of London. He had brothers, Thomas, William, Robert and Nicholas.

Thomas married Rose Whetenhall, daughter of William Whetenhall of Peckham. They lived at Cranbrook, Kent, also Hartridge, same county. Thomas was a soldier. (See Morant: "Essex," 2d ed., vol. ii, p. 34.) He married first Elizabeth Colpeper, daughter of Walter Colpeper of Bedgeberry. His oldest son Sir James Wilford, 1516-1550 (whose portrait with Coat of Arms is in "The Genealogist," vol. iv, front), was a hero at the battle of Pinkie and knighted, 1547, by Oliver Cromwell, the Protector. He was at the famous siege of Haddington, and led the unsuccessful attack on Dunbar Castle, but with such conspicuous bravery that he was granted for his services the Manor of Oxford, Kent. He married Joyce Barret who died 1580. (See "Dict. of National Biog.," Lon., 1909, vol. xxi, p. 236.) Cicely had eight sisters, or half sisters, and several brothers. Francis lived at Nonington, and her brother Sir Thomas Wilford, 1530-1604, of Hedding, Kent, was knighted 1588. He was the Governor of Camber Castle, and in 1595 enforced martial law in Kent to arrest and execute all vagrants and other undesirable persons. He married Mary Poynings, and his son Sir Thomas Wilford married the eldest daughter of Sir Edwin Sandys.

Cicely Wilford married Archbishop Edwin Sandys, 1519-

1588. (See "The Genealogist," vol. iv, p. 3.) Henry Sands, 1572-, son of the Archbishop, married Priscilla Chauncey, their son Captain James Sands married Sarah Walker. Their son Captain Samuel Sands, 1656-1730, and his wife Dorothy Ray, 1670-, were parents of Sarah Sands, 1696-1789, who married Nathan Selleck, 1684-1772. The line then runs to William Dayton Selleck, 1892-.



EDWARDS

ARMS: Ermine, a lion rampant, guardant, gules, armed azure, on a canton, or, an eagle displayed with 2 necks sable.

CREST: A demi-lion rampant or, holding between his paws a castle, argent.

(See "Edwards Family Memorial Meeting at Stockbridge, 1871," by J. E. Woodbridge, p. 15.)



Sat

Sar

REV. JONATHAN EDWARDS

1703-1758

One of the foremost Americans of the eighteenth century. The greatest metaphysician that America has produced, and one of the greatest that ever lived. Was son of Timothy Edwards, a clergyman of rare learning. He married Sarah Pierrepont, of New Haven, Conn., and his children were: Sarah, who married Elihu Parsons; Esther, married Aaron Burr; Mary, married Rev. Timothy Dwight; Timothy; Jonathan, Jr., 1745-1801, President of Union College. The descendants of Jonathan Edwards were remarkable for intellectual eminence. Aaron Burr, 1756-1836, 3d Vice-president of the United States, was his grandson.

Sereno Edwards Dwight, 1786-1850, his great-grandson, was President of Hamilton College.

Rev. Timothy Dwight, 1752-1817, grandson of Jonathan Edwards, was eighth President of Yale College.

Theodore Dwight Woolsey, 1801-1889, tenth President of Yale, was his great-grandson.

Theodore Wm. Dwight, 1822-1892, was Warden of Columbia Law School and great-grandson of Jonathan Edwards.

Timothy Dwight, 1828-, twelfth President of Yale, was his great-great-grandson.

Merrill Edwards Gates, 1848-, President of Amherst, was great-great-great-grandson of Jonathan. Among other descendants we find 295 university graduates, thirteen presidents of universities, sixty-five professors, sixty physicians, one hundred clergymen, seventy-five army officers; sixty authors, one hundred lawyers, thirty judges, three senators, eighty governors, one vice-president.

READING OF THE EDWARDS CHART

Jonathan Selleck, 1664-1710, married Abigail Gold, sister of Hon. Nathan Gold, 1663-1723, whose son Samuel Gold, 1692-

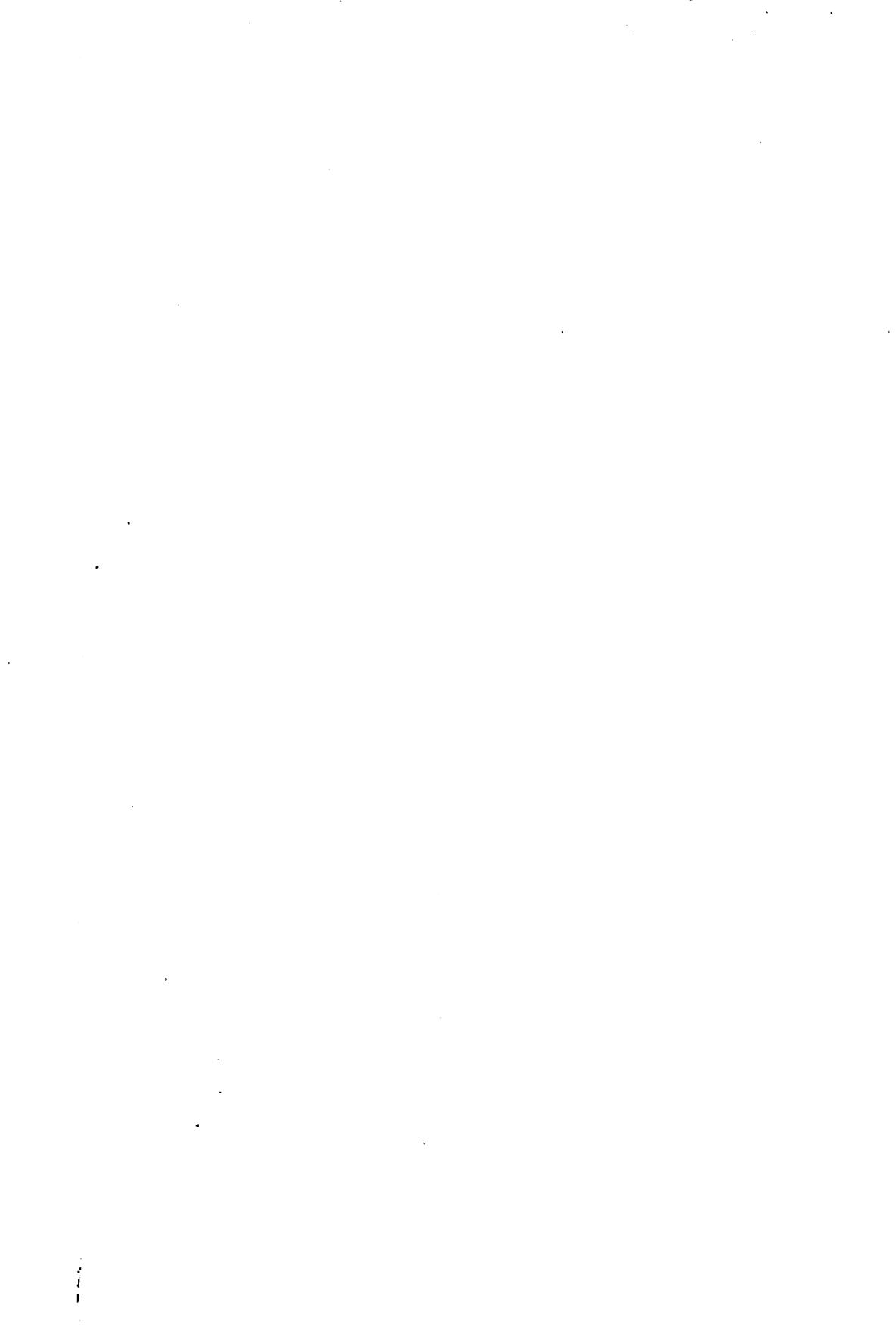
1766, was father of Colonel Abraham Gold, 1732-1777, who married Elizabeth Burr, 1731-1815, great-granddaughter of Sarah Ward, sister of Mary Ward. Great-grandmother of Aaron Burr, 1756-1836, Vice-president of the United States, 1801 to 1805. The mother of the Vice-president was Esther Edwards, daughter of the Rev. Jonathan Edwards, 1703-1758, and Sarah Pierrepont.¹

¹See "Burr Family," by C. Burr Todd, 1902, pp. 131-144.



WASHINGTON

ARMS: Argent, two bars gules, in chief three mullets of the second.
CREST: Out of a ducal coronet or, an eagle issuant wings. Endorsed sable.
MOTTO: *Virtus sola nobilitas* (Virtue is true nobility).
(See Matthews' "American Armory and Blue Book," p. 357.)



WASHINGTON

It became a custom among the families of rank in early days to take surnames from their castles or estates. It was not until some time afterwards that surnames became general.

The name of "Washington" originally was De Wessyngton, from the manor and village of Wessyngton. Names of members of this family are to be found honorably recorded in country histories, or engraved on monuments in time-worn churches and cathedrals. By degrees the seigniorial sign of "de" disappeared from before the family surname, which also varied from "Wessyngton" to Wassington, and finally to Washington.

The branch of the family to which our Washington immediately belongs sprang from Lawrence Washington, Esquire, of Gray's Inn, son of John Washington of Warton in Lancastershire. This Lawrence Washington was for some time Mayor of Northampton, and on the dissolution of the priories by Henry VIII he received, in 1538, a grant of the manor of Sulgrave in Northamptonshire. Sulgrave remained in the family until 1620 and was commonly called Washington Manor.

Lawrence Washington, of Sulgrave and Brington, with his father sold the Manor of Sulgrave and retired to Brington. Died Dec. 13, 1616; married Aug. 3, 1588, Margaret Butler, daughter of William Butler of Tighes, Sussex. She was alive in 1641. They had eight sons and nine daughters. Alice Washington was his twelfth child and married Robert Sandys about 1622. (See Waters: "Gleanings," vol. i, p. 396.) Had Thomas and four other children (p. 350 "Genesis of United States"). This marriage is of great importance to the Selleck family, as it clearly establishes a family connection with the Washington line.

Lawrence Washington, rector of Purleigh, Sussex County, Eng., born 1602, died 1652, married Amphillis Roades, who died Jan. 12, 1655.

Colonel John Washington, born 1633, died 1677, married Mrs. Ann Pope Broadhurst and immigrated to Virginia in 1656.

Lawrence Washington, born at Bridges Creek, Va., died 1698, married Mildred Warner, daughter of Colonel Augustine Warner of Gloucester County, Va., died 1700.

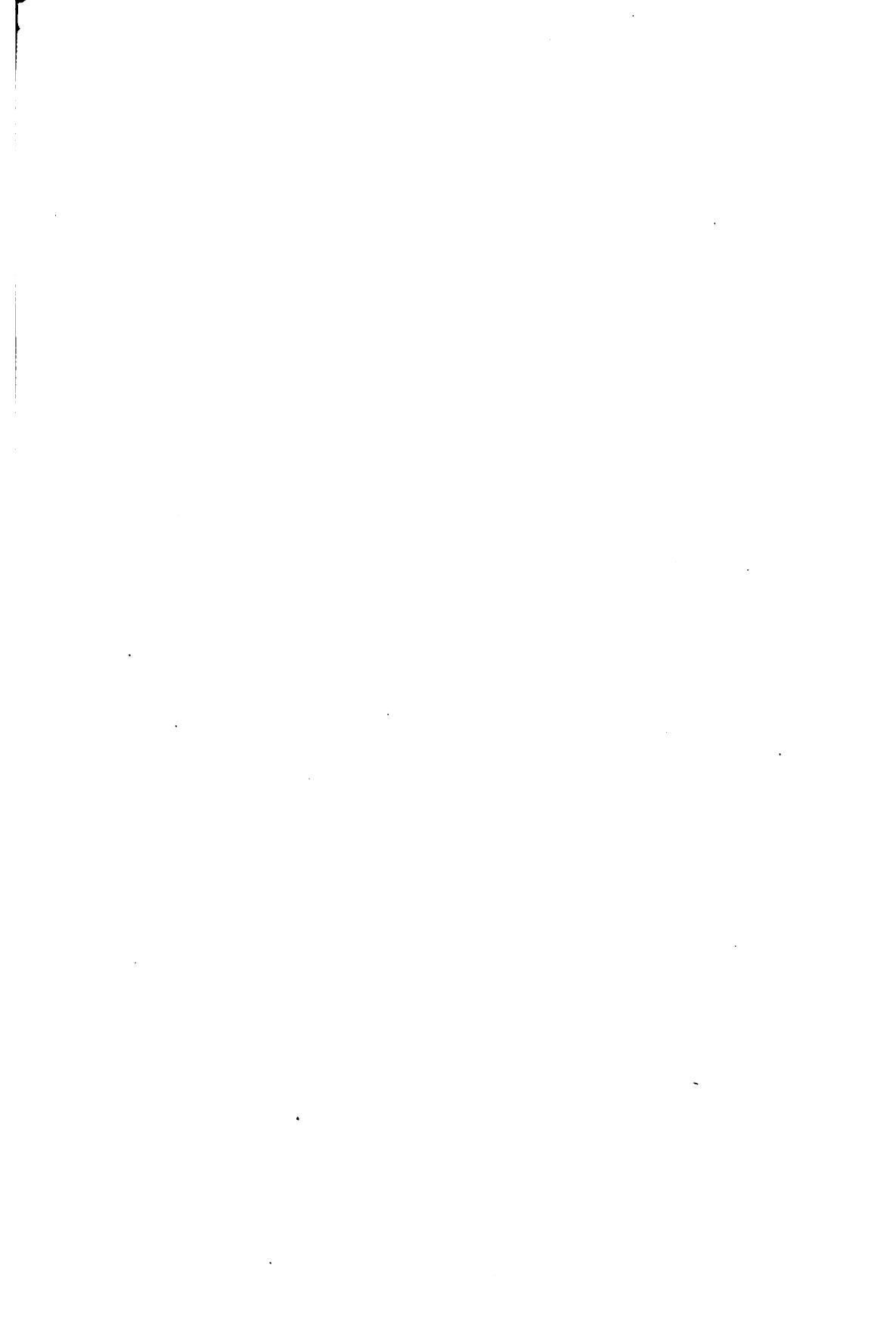
Augustine Washington, born 1694, died 1743, married Mary Ball, who died Sept. 1789.

George Washington, born 1732, died 1799, first President of United States.

"Let his countrymen consecrate the memory of the heroic general, the patriotic statesman, and the virtuous sage; let them teach their children never to forget the fruits of his labors and his example are their inheritance."



SULGRAVE MANOR





WARNER

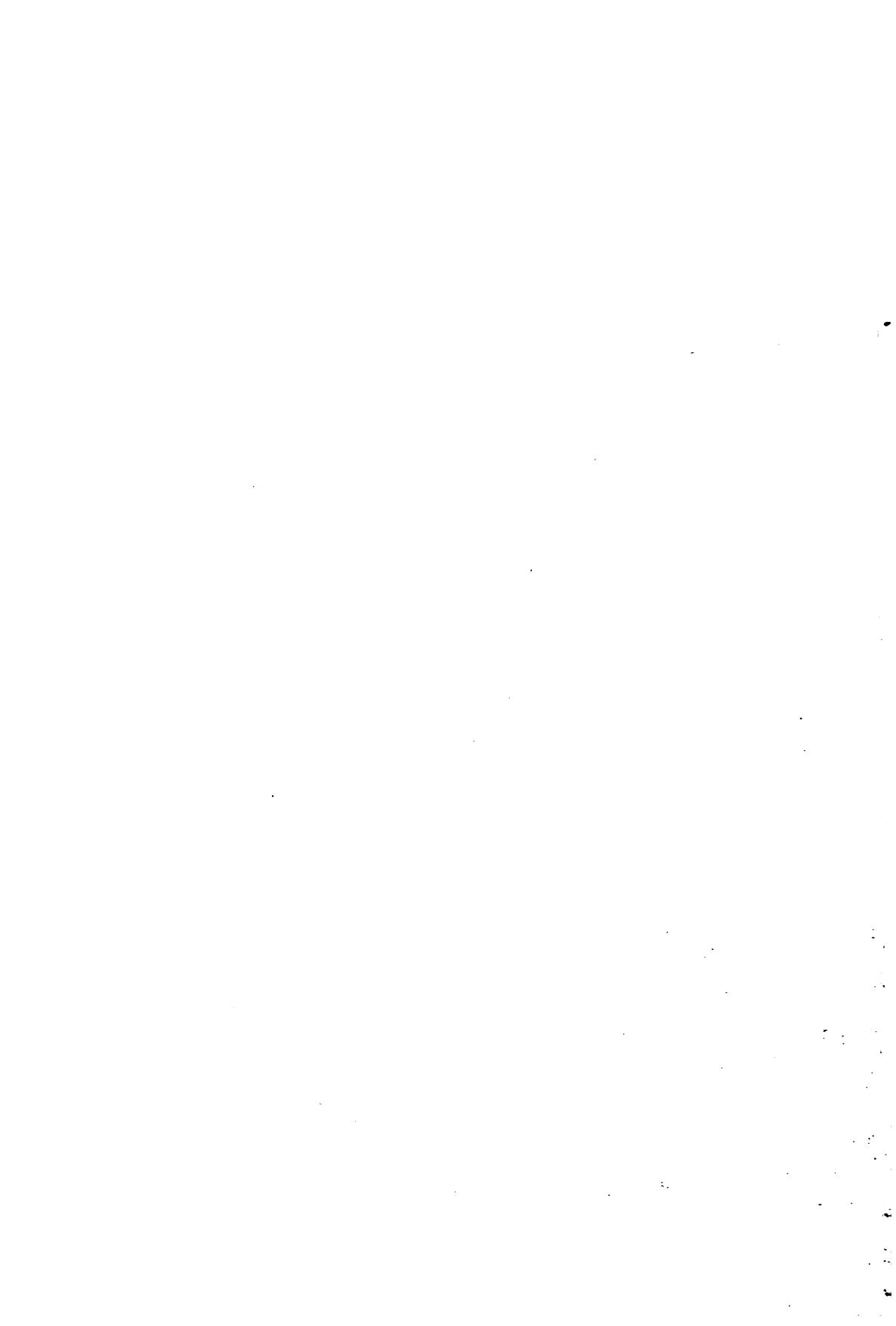
ARMS: Vert, a cross engrailed, or.

CREST: A double plume of feathers.

(See "Colonial Dames of America," Ancestral Records, N. Y., 1910, vol. ii, p. 439.)

Mar
16

Mild



WARNER HALL

Colonel Augustine Warner, 1611-1674, came to Virginia in 1628. He was Justice of York in 1650 and Gloucester in 1656. He named his house in Gloucester County "Warner Hall" after the home of the Warners in England. He married Mary (surname unknown), who died Aug. 11, 1662. Their daughter, Sarah, married Lawrence Townley of Maryland; they were ancestors of General Robert E. Lee, 1807-1870, American Confederate General.

The occupants of Warner Hall were families of the first consequence in the Colony of Virginia. They had good libraries and coats-of-arms of undoubted authority. (See "Colonial Dames of America," Ancestral Register, vol. ii, p. 440.)

This old seat (consumed by fire 1845 but rebuilt) was the home of Colonel Augustine Warner, Gent., who was of the King's Council, 1659-1667, and speaker of the House of Burgesses in Virginia in 1676. His son Augustine Warner, 1642-1681, lived at Warner Hall with his wife Mildred Reade (Her lineage runs direct to Louis VIII, King of France, to Edward I and Henry III, Kings of England, and Alfred the Great. See Browning: "Colonial Dames of Royal Descent," 1900, p. 7, 40, 102, 200) daughter of Colonel George Reade and Elizabeth Martian. The favorite name Mildred was given to their daughter, who married first Lawrence Washington, 1661-1698, of Westmoreland County, and was the grandmother of George Washington. Her second husband was George Gale. She died in England in 1700, was buried in the Bow Street Church, London. Alice Washington the sister of Rev. Lawrence Washington, 1602-1652, married Robert Sands, whose father, Thomas Sandys, 1568, was great-great-grandfather of Sarah Sands, 1696-1786, who married Nathan Selleck.

Augustine Warner was sent to England in 1658 to attend the Merchant Tailors' School in London, and was entered as the "eldest son of Augustine Warner, gentleman of Virginia."

The graves of both Augustine Warners are on the grounds of Warner Hall to-day. There are a number of graves of the family, in an enclosed lot, which is in charge of the Association for Preservation of Virginia Antiquities.

EPIPARHS

Augustine Warner, Gent.
Deceased y^e 24th of December 1674,
Aged 63 years 2^{ms} and 26^{ds}.

MARY WARNER
Wife of Augustine Warner, Gent.
Was born 15th May 1614
And died y^e 11th day of August 1662.

Here lyeth y^e Body of Col. Augustine Warner
Who was born y^e 3rd of June 1642
And Died y^e 19th of June 1681.

The marriages of the Washingtons into the Warner family creates a collateral connection between the Warners and Sellecks.

The writer in November, 1915, visited Warner Hall, found it all that was claimed for it, and a singular circumstance in connection with the family relationship of Warner, Washington and Selleck is that it is owned and occupied, 1916, by William Jackson Selleck, a first cousin of the writer.

PECK

Edward Peck, father of the immigrant ancestor William Peck, was an eminent lawyer. Sergeant at Law to His Majesty Charles II. He married Grace Green, granddaughter of the Keeper of Lions in the Tower of London.

The history of William Peck is well given in the first book of Selleck and Peck Genealogy.

It may be well to refer to the active part taken by Thomas Hooker in connection with the Constitution of the Colony of Connecticut as noted herein, and add that William Peck's signature is affixed to that important document.

PECK

Elizabeth = William Peck
1601-1694

Johanna Kitchell = Jeremiah Peck
1623-1699

Ruth Ferris = Samuel Peck
1661-1745 1659-1746

Mary Johnson = Jeremiah Peck
1690-1765

Elizabeth Foreman = Isaac Peck
1757-1844 1745-1827

Deborah Peck = Benjamin Selleck
1789-1877

Eliza Ayres = Sands Edwin Selleck
1811-1858 1812-1865

Flora Thorne = William Edwin Selleck

Lizzie Patterson = June Montross Selleck
1870- 1841-
 1867-

= William Dayton Selleck
1892-

SELLECK MEMORIAL

LINE OF DESCENT

CHILDREN

- (1) WILLIAM PECK
 (2) Elizabeth. Married 1622.
- (3) JEREMIAH PECK
 (4) Johannah Kitchell. Married Nov. 12, 1656.
- (5) SAMUEL PECK
 (6) Ruth Ferris. Married Nov. 27, 1686.
- (7) JEREMIAH PECK
 (8) Mary Johnson.
- (9) ISAAC PECK
 (10) Elizabeth Foreman. Born Apr. 15, 1757. Married Dec. 16, 1784. Died Aug. 29, 1844.
- (3) *Jeremiah*, b. 1623 in England, d. Jan. 7, 1669.
 John, b. 1638, d. 1724.
 Joseph, b. Jan., 1641, d. Nov. 25, 1718.
 Elizabeth, b. April, 1643.
- (5) *Samuel*, b. Jan. 18, 1659, d. April 28, 1746.
 Ruth, b. April 3, 1661.
 Caleb, b. 1663, d. March 10, 1725.
 Anne, b. 1665, d. May 23, 1718.
 Jeremiah, b. 1667, d. 1752.
 Joshua, b. 1673, d. Feb. 14, 1736.
- Samuel, b. March, 1688, d. Dec., 1733.
 (7) *Jeremiah*, b. Dec. 29, 1690, d. 1765.
 Joseph, b. May 1, 1692, d. 1761.
 David, b. Dec. 15, 1694, d. 1756.
 Nathaniel b. Aug. 15, 1697, d. 1765.
 Eliphilet, b. 1699, d. 1770.
 Theophilus, b. March, 1702, d. Nov. 7, 1783.
 Peter, b. 1704, d. 1759.
 Robert, b. 1706, d. 1749
- Mary, d. 1763.
Jeremiah, d. 1803.
 Joseph, b. 1730, d. Dec. 4, 1822.
 Henry, d. 1764.
 Hannah, d. 1797.
 Ruth.
 Anna, d. 1807.
 William, b. Aug. 24, 1741, d. Dec. 23, 1800.
 Martha.
- (9) *Isaac*, b. Oct. 10, 1745, d. Aug. 15, 1827.
 Rachael, b. 1747, d. Feb. 8, 1806.
 Catharine, b. 1749, d. June, 1825.
 Thomas, b. Sept. 1, 1750, d. 1781.
- Sands, F., b. Dec. 7, 1785, d. Aug. 15, 1826.
Isaac, b. July 19, 1787, d. 1865.
 (11) *Deborak*, b. Sept. 29, 1789, d. Nov. 12, 1877.
 Stephen, b. Nov. 4, 1792, d. Dec. 13, 1820.

(12) BENJAMIN SELLECK
(11) DEBORAH PECK
 Married Feb. 28, 1811.

(13) *Sands Edwin*, b. March 18, 1812.
 d. Aug. 21, 1865.
Stephen Peck, b. June 24, 1814,
d. Jan. 25, 1870.

(13) SANDS E. SELLECK
(14) Eliza Ayres. B. March 24, 1811,
 d. Nov. 7, 1858. Married
 Jan. 8, 1839.

(15) *William Edwin*, b. Feb. 18, 1841.

(15) WILLIAM E. SELLECK
(16) Flora Thorne. Married Feb. 14,
 1866.

(17) *June Montross*, b. May 5, 1867.

(17) JUNE M. SELLECK
(18) Lizzie Patterson. Married March
 17, 1891.

(19) *William Dayton*, b. Dec. 13, 1892.
Dorothy Marie, b. Oct. 23, 1894,
d. Aug. 7, 1895.

INDEX

INDEX

- Alden, Elizabeth, 42
 John, 5
 John, 1599-1687, 42
- Alexander, Sarah, chart, p. 54
- Alfred the Great, 71
- Ancient and Honorable Artillery Co. of Boston, 37
- Andrew, Eunice (Hall), 38
- "Ann Hutchinson," 50, chart p. 59.
- Appleton, Fanny Elizabeth, 1817-1861, chart p. 41, 42
 Hon. Nathan, 1779-, chart p. 41, 43
- Ayres, Eliza, 1811-1858, 14, 36, 38, chart p. 41, 47; chart p. 54, 57; chart p. 59, 62, 64, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75
- Baildons of Baildon, 58
- Baildon, Sir Francis, 57, 58
- Ball, Mary, 1707-1780, 67, chart p. 69, 70; chart p. 71
- Barret, Joyce, -1580, 65
- Bartlett, Elizabeth, 42
- Bates, Jonathan, 15
 Sarah, 18, 20
- Beatys, Caty, 34
 James, 34
- Belden, Arms, face p. 57
- Belden, 8
 Mrs. Benjamin, 1759-, 14
 Charles, 1728-, 57, 58
 John, 1631-, 57, 58
 Lieut. Jonathan, 1660-1734, 57, 58
 Capt. Joseph, 1633-1724, 58
 Mary, -1812, 14, 36, 38, 41, 47
 chart p. 54, 57, 59, 62, 64, 67; chart p. 69; chart p. 71
- Capt. Richard, 1591-1655, 57, 58
- Silas, 1601-, 57, 58
- Thomas, 1700-1761, 58
- Betenham, Elizabeth, 64, 65
 John, 65
- Bourn, Ann, 55
- Bradley, Esther, chart p. 41, 67
- Brewster, Elder William, 39, 44, 48
 Love, 44
- Broadhurst, Mrs. Ann (Pope), 69, chart p. 69; chart p., 71
- Brown, Emilie, 1811-1888, 19
- Burr, Aaron, 5
 Rev. Aaron, 1716-1757, 67
 Hon. Aaron, 1756-1836, 45, 67, 68
- David, 67
- Elizabeth, 1731-1815, chart p. 41, 67, 68
- Jehu, 67
- John, 30
- Capt. John, 67
 Col. John, 67
 Nathaniel, 67
- Butler, Margaret, -1637, 69, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 William, 69
- Bustard, Joan, -1571, 62
- Button, Mrs. Abigail, chart p. 59
- Bysshe, Helen, 1667-1742, 62, chart p. 62
- "Catch," Vessel, 31
- "Centenarian Club," 35
- Charles II, 73
- Chauncey, John, -1523, 62
 John, -1528, 62
 Sir Nicholas, 62
 Priscilla, 47, 49, 62, 64, 66, chart p. 69
- Sir Tobias, -1607, 62, 63
 William, -1585, 62
- Cheshire, Benjamin, 26
 Emilia, 1776-, 26
- Christopher, Elizabeth, chart p. 54
- Christophers, Sarah, 39
- Church, John B, 45
- Clark, Catherine, 1726-1798, 19
 Ensign, George, Sr., 39
 Sarah, 38, 39
- Clock, Mary, 1788-1868, 19
- Coddington, William, 1601-1678, 61
- Colpeper, Elizabeth, 65
 Mercy, 48
 Walter, 65
- Cope, Elizabeth, chart p. 59
- Cornens, Margaret, 64, 65
 Walter, 65
 Sir Williams, Kt., 65
- Cotton, Rev. John, 1585-1652, 60
- Cromer, Barbara, -1612, 62, chart p. 62

- Custis, Martha (Dandridge), 1732-
1802, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Davenport, Rev. John, 31
 Martha, -1773, chart p. 41
 De Mill, Mary, 16, 23, 24
 De Wessyngton, 69
 Dixon, Margaret, 47
 Dryden, Arms, face p. 59
 Bridget, chart p. 59
 David, chart p. 59
 Sir Erasmus, 1553-1632, chart p. 59
 Erasmus, 1588-1654, chart p. 59
 John, -1584, chart p. 59
 John, 1631-1700, 5, chart p. 59,
 60
 William, chart p. 59
 Duke of York, 30
 Dungan, Col. Thomas, 30
 Dwight, Sereno Edwards, 1786-1850,
 67
 Theodore William, 1822-1892, 67
 Rev. Timothy, 1752-1817, 67
 Timothy, 1828-, 67
 Eden, Jane, -1575, 62, chart p. 62
 Edward I, 71
 Edward III, King of England, 58
 Edwards, Arms, face 67
 Esther, 1732-1758, 67, 68
 Rev. Jonathan, 5
 Rev. Jonathan, 1703-1758, 67, 68
 Jonathan, Jr., 1745-1801, 67
 Mary, 67
 Sarah, 67
 Timothy, 67
 Eversfield, Bridget, 1602-1671, 62,
 chart, p. 62
 Fairbanks, Elizabeth, 1745-1827, 32
 Ferris, Mary, 16
 Ruth, 1661-1745, 73, 74
 Fitch, Hon. Benjamin, 21
 Bushnell, 21
 Home at Norton, 21
 Stephen, 21
 Foreman, Elizabeth, 1757-1844, 73,
 74
 "Founders and Patriots of America,"
 Illinois Society, 5, 35
 Fuste, Joan, 62, chart p. 62
 Gale, George, 71
 Gates, Merrill Edwards, 1848-, 67
 Gay, Col. Ebenezer, 1725-, 32
 Fisher, 1778-, 33
 John, 1668-, 32
 Samuel, 1630-, 32
 Gilbert, Sally, 25
 Godwin, Mary Woolstonecraft, 1797-
 1851, 62, chart p. 62
 Gold, Arms, face p. 40
- Gold, Abigail, 34, 40
 Abigail, 1701-1772, 36
 Abigail, 1707-, 13
 Abigail, -1711, 19, 38, 41, chart
 p. 41, 42, 67
 Col. Abraham, 1732-1777, chart
 p. 41, 67, 68
 Deputy Governor, 41
 Rev. Hezekiah, Sr., 1694-1761, 41,
 chart p. 41
 Jason, 40
 John, 13
 Maria Theresa chart p. 41, 42
 Major Nathan, -1694, 13, 30, 40,
 chart p. 41
 Hon. Nathan, 1663-1723, 40, chart
 p. 41, 42, 67
 Nathan, 5, 31, 40
 Samuel, 1692-1766, 41, chart p. 41,
 67
 Thomas, 1760-1827, 41, chart p. 41
 Hooker and Law, 6
 Gorham, Priscilla, 18, 21
 Gould, Capt. Abraham, 1766-1823,
 chart p. 41
 Jason, 40
 Jay, 1836-1892, 41, chart p. 41
 John Burr, 1793-1866, chart p. 41
 Green, Grace, 73
 Greene, Major-Gen. Nathaniel, 1742-
 1786, 50
 Gregory, Charlotte, 27
 Sarah, 17
 "Griffin," Ship, 33
 Gurney, Grizel, 37
 Hamilton, Alexander, -1804, 45
 Hanford, Esther, 21
 Hare, Dr. Robert, 50
 Harvey, Edward, 40
 Mrs. Martha, 40, chart p. 41
 Hawkwood, Beatrix, 62, chart p. 62
 Hazard, Mercy, 1740-1810, chart
 p. 54, 55
 Oliver, chart p. 54, 55
 Henry III, 71
 Hockaboom, Hannah, 57, 58
 Holly, John, 15
 Hooker, Margaret Huntington, 53
 Susanna, 53
 Thomas, 33, 73
 Rev. Thomas, 1690-1709, 53
 William, 53
 Law and Gold, 6
 Howard, Earl of Berkshire, 60
 Elizabeth, chart p. 59
 Lady Elizabeth, 60
 Hull, Denny, 34
 Mary, 1763-1848, 34, 35

- Hutchinson, Arms, face p. 60
 Ann, 1591-1643, 5, chart p. 59,
 60, 61
 Catherine, -1672, chart p. 59
 Capt. Edward, 1613-1675, chart
 p. 59
 Gov. T., 1711-, chart p. 59
 William, 60
 William, 1586-1642, chart p. 59
 Illinois Society of Founders and Pat-
 riots of America, 6
 James, William K., 28
 Jefferson, President, 45
 Johnson, Mary, 73, 74
 Jumel, Mrs., 46
 Kebby, John, -1642, 37
 Kellogg, Jarvis, 25
 Kibby, Henry, 1632-1661, 36, 37
 Rachel, 1635-1657, 36, 37
 Susan, 37
 Susannah, 13, 15-28, 34, 36, 37
 Kier, Captain, 7
 Kilbourne, 6
 Margaret, 1607-1683, 5, 15, 38, 39
 Kitchell, Johanna, 73, 74
 Kitson, Margaret, chart p. 69
 Law, Abigail, 13, 36, 39
 Abigail, 1637-1711, 19, 34, 38
 Eunice, 39
 Jonathan, Sr., 1636-1711, 38, 39
 Hon. Jonathan, Jr., 1674-1750, 38,
 39
 Margaret (Kilbourne), 1637-1711,
 13
 Richard, 5, 13, 15
 Richard, 1601-1687, 38
 Richard, 1610-1686, 39
 Richard, 1733-1806, 38, 39
 Sarah, 39
 Sarah, 1639-, 15-18, 20-27, 28
 Hooker and Gold, 6
 Lee, General Robert E., 1807-1870,
 71
 Light, Elizabeth, chart p. 69
 Littlefield, Catharine, 50
 William, 50
 Lockwood, Jonathan, 16, 27
 Rhoda Emily, 1822-1915, chart
 p. 71
 Sarah, 15
 Sarah, 1678-, 16-18, 20-28
 William, 25
 Longfellow, Henry Wadsworth, 1807-
 1882, 5, 41, chart p. 41, 42, 43
 Stephen, 42
 Louis VIII, 71
 Lucy, Sir Thomas, 48, 49
 Lyons, Mary, 22, 26
- Marbury, Anne, 1591-1643, chart
 p. 59
 Rev. Francis, -1611, chart p. 59, 60
 Marsh, Martha, 1765-, 41, chart p. 41
 Martian, Elizabeth, 71
 Mason, Elizabeth C., chart p. 54
 Mason, Major John, 58
 Mather, Hannah, 20
 Dr. Moses, 20
 Merton, Joan, 62
 Michel, Katherine, 62, chart p. 62
 Michell, Mary Katherine, 1734-1760,
 62, chart p. 62
 Michelgrove, Eliza, -1518, 62, chart
 p. 62, 63
 Mill Mary dc., 16, 23, 34
 Miller, Helen Day, -1889, chart p. 41
 More, Mary, 1799-1841, chart p. 41
 Mullins, Alice, 42
 Priscilla, 5, 42
 William, 42
 Mygatt, Elizabeth, 1761-1827, 33
 Joseph, 33
 Nicholson, Isabel, chart p. 59
 Norton, Prof. John P., 52
 "Octogenarian Club," 35
 "Old Clock on the Stairs," 41
 Osborne, Anna, chart p. 41
 Pargiter, Amie, -1564, chart p. 69
 Parsons, Elihu, 67
 Patterson, Frank Dayton, 1841-, 32
 Lizzie, 1870-, 14, 36, 38, 41, 47, 54,
 59, chart p. 59, 62, 64, 67, 69,
 chart p. 71, 73, 75
 Peabodie, Priscilla, 42
 William, 1620-1707, 42
 Peck, 6
 Genealogy, 5
 Anna, -1807, 74
 Anne, 1665-1718, 74
 Caleb, 1663-1725, 74
 Catharine, 1749-1825, 74
 David, 1694-1756, 74
 Deborah, 1789-1877, 14, 30, 36, 38,
 41, 47, 54, 57, chart p. 59, 62, 64,
 67, chart p. 69, 71, 73, 74, 75
 Edward, 73
 Eliphilet, 1609-1770, 74
 Elizabeth, 1643-, 73, 74
 Hannah, -1797, 74
 Henry, -1764, 74
 Isaac, 1745-1827, 73, 74
 Isaac, 1787-1865, 74
 Jeremiah, 74
 Jeremiah, 1623-1699, 73, 74
 Jeremiah, 1667-1752, 74
 Jeremiah, 1690-1765, 73, 74
 Jeremiah, -1803, 74

Peck—continued

John, 1638-1724, 74
 Joseph, 1641-1718, 74
 Joseph, 1692-1761, 74
 Joseph, 1730-1822, 74
 Joshua, 1673-1730, 74
 Martha, 74
 Mary, -1763, 74
 Nathaniel, 1697-1765, 74
 Peter, 1704-1759, 74
 Rachael, 1747-1806, 74
 Robert, 1706-1749, 74
 Ruth, 1661-, 74
 Lieut. Samuel, 30
 Samuel, 1659-1746, 73, 74
 Samuel, 1688-1733, 74
 Sands F., 1785-1820, 74
 Stephen, 1792-1820, 74
 Theophilus, 1702-1783, 74
 Thomas, 1750-1781, 74
 William, 1601-1694, 73
 William, 1741-1800, 74
 Pennoyer, Mrs. Samuel, 1694-, 13
 Perry, Commodore Christopher Raymond, 1761-1818, chart p. 54, 55
 Hon. Freeman, 1733-1813, chart p. 54, 55
 Commodore Oliver Hazard, 1785-1819, 5, 49, chart p. 54, 55, 56
 Pettitt, Eliza, 62, chart p. 62
 Phillips, Louisa, 1824-1904, 34, 35
 Pickering, Mary, -1676, chart p. 59
 Pierrepont, Sarah, 1710-, 67, 68
 Pilford, Elizabeth, 1763-1840, 62, chart p. 62
 Platt, Mary, 34
 Plume, Mrs. Johanna, 62, chart p. 62
 Pope, Ann, chart p. 69
 Potter, John, 15
 Poynings, Mary, 65
 Prentiss, Ann, 1743-, 38, 39
 Capt. John, 39
 Prevost, Mrs. Theodosia, 67
 Prison Ship, British, 18
 Rawson, Margaret, 47
 Ray, Anna, 50
 Dorothy, 1670-, 47, 50, chart p. 59, 62, 64, 66, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Simon, Jr., 1635-1737, 50
 Simon, 1672-1755, 50
 Raymond, Arms, face p. 54
 Raymond, 55
 Elizabeth, chart p. 54, 55
 Joshua, 1639-1676, 54, 55
 Joshua, Jr., 1660-1704, 49, chart p. 54, 55
 Joshua, 1697-, chart p. 54

Raymond—continued

Judith, chart p. 54
 Mary, 5, 49
 Mary, 1723-1812, 36, 38, 41, 47, 54, 55, 62, 64, 67, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Capt. Richard, -1692, 54, 55
 Samuel, 1701-, p. 54, 55
 Sands, 1684-, 54, 55
 Reade, Col. George, 71
 Mildred, -1700, 71, chart p. 71
 Reed, Capt. Eli, 28
 Timothy, 22
 Uriah, 22
 Richard II, King, 63
 Ridgefield, 22
 Risley, Margaret, 62
 Roades, Amphillis, -1655, 69, chart p. 69, 71
 Robbins, Abigail, 57, 58
 Capt. Joshua, 58
 Roberts, Amos, 19
 Ruggles, Mary, 41, chart p. 41
 Sackville, Ann, 62, chart p. 62
 Sampson, Susanna, 42
 Sands, 6
 Edward, 49
 George, por., face p. 48
 Henry, 1572-, 49, 62, 64, 66, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Capt. James, 1622-1695, 49, 55, 59, 62, 64, 66, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 John, 49
 Mercy, -1741, 49, chart p. 54, 55
 Robert, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Capt. Samuel, 1656-1730, 47, chart p. 59, 62, 64, 66
 Capt. Samuel, 1656-1716, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Capt. Samuel, 49, 50
 Sarah, 13, 18, face p. 19, 28, 49
 Sarah, 1696-1789, 19, 34, 36, 38, 41, 47, 50, 59, 62, 64, 66, 67, chart p. 69, 71, chart p. 71
 Thomas, 1568-, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Sandys, Arms, face p. 47
 Apb. Edwin, 1519-1588, 47, por. 48, 64, 65, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Sir Edwin, 5, 7, 65
 George, 1577-1643, 49
 Henry, 1572-, 47, 49
 Capt. James, 1622-1695, 47
 John, 47
 Sir Myles, 1563-, 48
 Robert, 47, 48, 49, 69
 Sir Samuel, 1560-, 48
 Thomas, 49, 69

Sandys—continued

Thomas, 1508–, 48, 71
 William, 47
 Sir William, 48
 "Scrooby Manor," 48
 Sedgwick, Sarah, –1766, chart p. 41
 Seely, Albert, 1809–1889, 19
 Catharine, face p. 19
 Catharine Richards, 1846–, face p. 19
 Selleck, 1786–1826, 19
 Wyx, 1757–1829, 19
 Selleck Coat of Arms, 13
 Selleck, 13–35
 Abigail, 1688–, 13
 Abigail, 1707–1772, chart p. 41, 50
 Abigail, 1736–, 17
 Abigail (Seymour), 17
 Abraham, 1735–, 23, 24
 Alfred de Forrest, 27
 Anna, 1759–, 14, 34
 Anthony, 23
 Benjamin, 14, 26, 30, 36, 38, chart p. 41, 47, 54, 57, 59, 62, 64, 67, chart p. 69, chart p. 71, 73, 75
 Benjamin Sturgis, 34
 Bethel, 1732–, 17
 Betsy, 14
 Catherine, 1739–, 23
 Catherine, 1755–1829, 19
 Charlotte, 1763–, 21
 Charlotte, 1784–, 25
 Charles, 1766–, 20
 Rev. Charles M., 6
 David, 29
 David, 1638–1663, 13
 David, –1654, 13, 15–28, 34, 36, 38
 David, 1666–, 13
 David, 1672–, 15
 David 1700–, 16, 18, 20–22, 25–27, 28, 34
 David, 1724–, 18
 David, 1761–1777, 22
 David, 1762–, 20
 David, 1779–, 25
 Deborah Peck, 19, por. face 31, 32
 Dorothy Marie, 1894–1895, 14, 75
 Ebenezer, 26
 Ebenezer, 1712–, 16
 Ebenezer, 1727–, 18
 Ebenezer, 1774–, 22, 26
 Ebenezer, 1834–, 26
 Edward, 1746–, 19
 Eliza, por., face p. 28
 Eliza Phillipse, 28
 Elizabeth, 19
 Elizabeth, 1651–, 13
 Elizabeth, 1733–, 23

Selleck—continued

Esther Hanford, 21
 Ezra, 1732–, 18
 Frederick, 21
 Gershom, 1730–, 18, 21
 Gold John, 1730–, 13
 Hannah, 22, 23, 26
 Hannah, 1758–, 20
 Hannah, 1776–, 25
 Hannah (Smith), 28
 Henry, 14
 Hezekiah, 1776–, 25
 Jacob, 1744–, 18
 James, 1742–, 18, 25, 27
 James, 1704–, 25
 Jesse, 1746–, 14
 Joanna, 1649–, 13
 Joanna, 1686–, 15
 John, 13, 31, 39
 Capt. John, 1643–, 13, 15–18, 20–27, 28
 John, 1681–, 15
 John, 1706–, 16, 17
 John, 1730–, 17
 Jonathan, 13
 Jonathan, Sr., 1641–1713, 13, 19, 29, 34, 36, 38, 39
 Jonathan, Jr., 1664–1760, 13, 34, 36, 38, 40, 41, chart p. 41, 42
 Jonathan, Jr., 1664–1710, 67
 Jonathan, 1720–, 13
 Capt. Jonathan, 30
 Lieut. Jonathan, 30
 June Montross, 1867–, 14, por. face p. 29, 36, 38, chart p. 41, 47, 54, 59, 62, chart p. 69, 71, 73, 75
 Lizzie Patterson, 1870–, por. face p. 29, 32, 33
 Lydia, 1754–, 20
 Maria, 1815–, 28
 Martha, 1710–, 16
 Martha, 1739–, 17
 Mary, 22, 23
 Mary, 1717–, 13
 Mary, 1765–, 20
 Mary, 1781–, 25
 Mary W., 26
 Mercy (Waterbury), 18
 Mercy, 1740–, 17
 Mercy, 1770–, 25
 Nancy, 1806–, 28
 Nathan, 13, 18, 28, 49, 53, 71
 Nathan, 1684–1772, 13, 19, 34–36, 38, chart p. 41, 47, 50, chart p. 59, 62, 64, 66, 67, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Nathan, 1704–, 23
 Nathan, 1726–1807, 19
 Nathan, 1728–1730, 13

Selleck—*continued*

Nathaniel, 16, 34
 Nathaniel, 1678–1712, 15–18, 20–
 25, 27, 28
 Nathaniel, 1704–, 16, 24
 Nathaniel, 1725–, 18, 28, 34
 Peter, 1729–, 23
 Phebe, –1750, 19
 Polly, 14
 Raymond, 1752–, 14
 Rebecca, 1831–, 26
 Samuel, 22
 Samuel, 1734–1776, 18, 26
 Samuel, 1755–, 14
 Sands, 14
 Sands, 1714–1772, 13, 36, 38, chart
 p. 41, 47, chart p. 54, 55, chart
 p. 59, 62, 64, 67, chart p. 71
 Sands, 1751–, 14
 Edwin, 1812–1865, 14, por. face
 p. 28, 36, 38, chart p. 41, 47,
 chart p. 54, 57, chart p. 59, 62, 64,
 67, chart p. 69, chart p. 71, 73,
 75
 Sarah, 15
 Sarah, 1702–, 16
 Sarah, 1723–, 13, 28, 34
 Sarah, 1731–, 23
 Sarah, 1768–, 25
 Sarah Ann Morris, 21
 Sarah (Law), 15, 16
 Seymour, –1734, 17
 Signet Ring, 13
 Silas, 1715–, 13
 Silvanus, 1734–, 13
 Simeon, 14, 58
 Simeon, 1744–, 14, 36, 38, chart
 p. 41, 47, 54, 57, chart p. 59, 62,
 64, 67, chart p. 69, chart p. 71
 Stephen, 14
 Stephen Peck, 1814–1870, 14, chart
 p. 71, 75
 Sturgis, 31, por. facing p. 34
 Sturgis, 1823–, 34, 35
 Sturgis, 1762–1852, 34, 35
 Susan, 37
 Susanna, –1633, 13
 Susanna, 1683–, 15
 Thaddeus, 1736–, 18
 Theophila, 1694–, 13
 Uriah, 1762–1822, 28
 William, 1773–, 25
 Capt. William, 27
 William Dayton, 1892–, 14, 29, 33,
 36, 38, chart p. 41, 47, chart
 p. 54, 55, 57, 58, chart p. 59, 62,
 63, 64, 66, 67, chart p. 69, chart
 p. 71, 73, 75

Selleck—*continued*

William Edwin, 1841–, portrait
 frontispiece, 2, 6, 14, por. fac-
 ing p. 28, 33, 36, 38, chart p. 41,
 47, chart p. 59, 62, 64, 67, chart
 p. 69, chart p. 71, 73, 75
 William Jackson, 1801–, 72
 Salmon, 1795–, 28
 Selleck Intermarriages, 6
 "Selleck and Peck Genealogy," 6,
 32
 "Selleck Collection," 32
 "Selleck" "Selly," 5
 "Selly," 5
 Seymour, Abigail, 16, 17
 John, 17
 Shaver, Maria Louise, 1844–, 32
 Shelley, Arms, facing p. 62
 Shelley, Bridget, –1579, 62, 63
 Sir Bysshe, Bart., 1731–1815, 62,
 chart p. 62
 Sir Edward, –1554, 62, chart p. 62
 Sir Henry, –1623, 62, chart p. 62
 John, 63
 John, M. P., 62, chart p. 62
 John, –1526, 62, chart p. 62, 63
 John, –1673, 62, chart p. 62
 John, 1666–1739, 62, chart, p. 62
 Percy Bysshe, 1792–1822, 5, chart
 p. 62, 63
 Richard, 1583–, 62, chart p. 62
 Robert, 62, chart p. 62
 Sir Thomas, 63
 Timothy, 1706–1770, 62, chart p.
 62
 Sir Timothy, 1753–, 62, chart p. 62
 Timothy, –1671, 62, chart p. 62
 Sir William, 62, chart p. 62, 63
 Silliman, 6,
 Benjamin, 5
 Prof. Benjamin, LL. D., 1779–1864,
 chart p. 41, 50
 Benjamin, Jr., 1816–, 51
 Daniel, 50
 Hon. Ebenezer, LL. D., 1707–1775,
 chart p. 41
 Mrs. Ebenezer, 1707–, 13
 Gen. Gold Selleck, 1732–1790,
 chart p. 41, 50
 Sillimans of Yale, 41
 "Slow and Easy," packet, 28
 Smith, Elizabeth, chart p. 54, 55
 Ephraim, 28
 Hannah, 1760–, 28
 Nehemiah, 55
 Standish, Lydia, 57, 58
 Myles, 58
 Thomas, 58

Sulgrave, Northamptonshire, 69
 Manor, face p. 70

Talcott, Hannah, 1663-1696, 40,
 chart p. 41, 67
 Col. John, 40

Thorne, Flora, 1866-, 14, 36, 38,
 chart p. 41, 47, 57, chart p. 59,
 62, 64, 67, chart p. 69, 71, 73, 75

Tilman, Robert, 37
 Susannah (Kibby), 37

Townley, Lawrence, 71

Trumbull, Harriet, 1783-1850, chart
 p. 41

Tryon, Ruth Margaret, 27

Tyas, Margaret, 49, chart p. 69, chart
 p. 71

Vane, Gov Henry, 60

Wadsworth, John, 42
 Gen. Peleg, 42
 Peleg, 42
 Zilpha, 42, 44

Wakeman, Catherine, 1700-, 67
 Helena, 40

Walker, John, -1647, chart p. 59
 Sarah, -1709, 47, 49, 59, 62, 64, 66,
 chart p. 69, chart p. 71

Ward, Mary, 67, 68
 Gov. Samuel, 50
 Sarah, 67, 68

Warner, Arms, 71
 Col. Augustine, Gent., 1611-1674,
 chart p. 71, 72
 Mary, 1614-1662, chart p. 71, 72
 Mildred, -1700, chart p. 69, chart
 p. 71
 Sarah, 71

"Warner Hall," 71, 72

Washington, Arms, face 69
 Alice, 49, chart p. 69, 71, chart p. 71
 Col. Augustine, 1694-1743, chart
 p. 69, 70, chart p. 71

George, 1732-1799, 1st President of
 the U. S., 5, chart p. 69, 70, 71,
 chart p. 71

Col. John, 1633-1677, 49, 69, chart
 p. 69, chart p. 71

Lawrence, Esq., 49, 69

Lawrence, 1565-1616, chart p. 69,
 chart p. 71

Lawrence, -1584, chart p. 69

Rev. Lawrence, -1652, chart p. 69,
 71, chart p. 71

Washington — *continued*
 Lawrence, -1698, chart p. 69, 70
 71, chart p. 71
 Robert, chart p. 69
 Robert, 1544-, chart p. 69
 Manor, 69

Wassington, Alice, 69

Waterbury, Lieut. David, 18
 Hannah, 26

Mary, 27

Mercy, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 25, 27, 28,
 34

Weed, David, 27
 Sarah, 1746-, 18, 25, 27

Wessyngton, 69

Westfield, Miss, chart p. 69

Wheelwright, Rev. John, 1594-1679,
 61

Whetenhall, Rose, 64, 65
 William, 65

Whiting, Deborah, -1761, 23, 24

"Whitely" Ship, 22

Wilford, Arms, face p. 65
 Cicely, 8, 47, 48, 64, 65, 69, chart
 p. 69, chart p. 71

Edmund, -1507, 65

Francis, 65

Jacob, 64

Sir James, 1516-1550, 65

James, 65
 John, -1550, 65
 Nicholas, 65
 Peter, 65
 Robert, 64, 65
 Thomas, 64, 65
 Sir Thomas, 1530-1604, 48, 65

William, 64, 65

Wilkes, Frances, chart p. 59

Williams, Roger, 50

Wilson, Rev. John, 61

Winthrop, Governor, 31
 Dep. Gov. John, 61

Wiswall, Rev. Ichabod, 1637-1700,
 42

Wiswell, Mercy, 42

Wood, Hannah, 22

Woolsey, Theodore Dwight, 1801-
 1889, 67

Wright, Mary, 57, 58

Wyatt, Sir Francis, 48

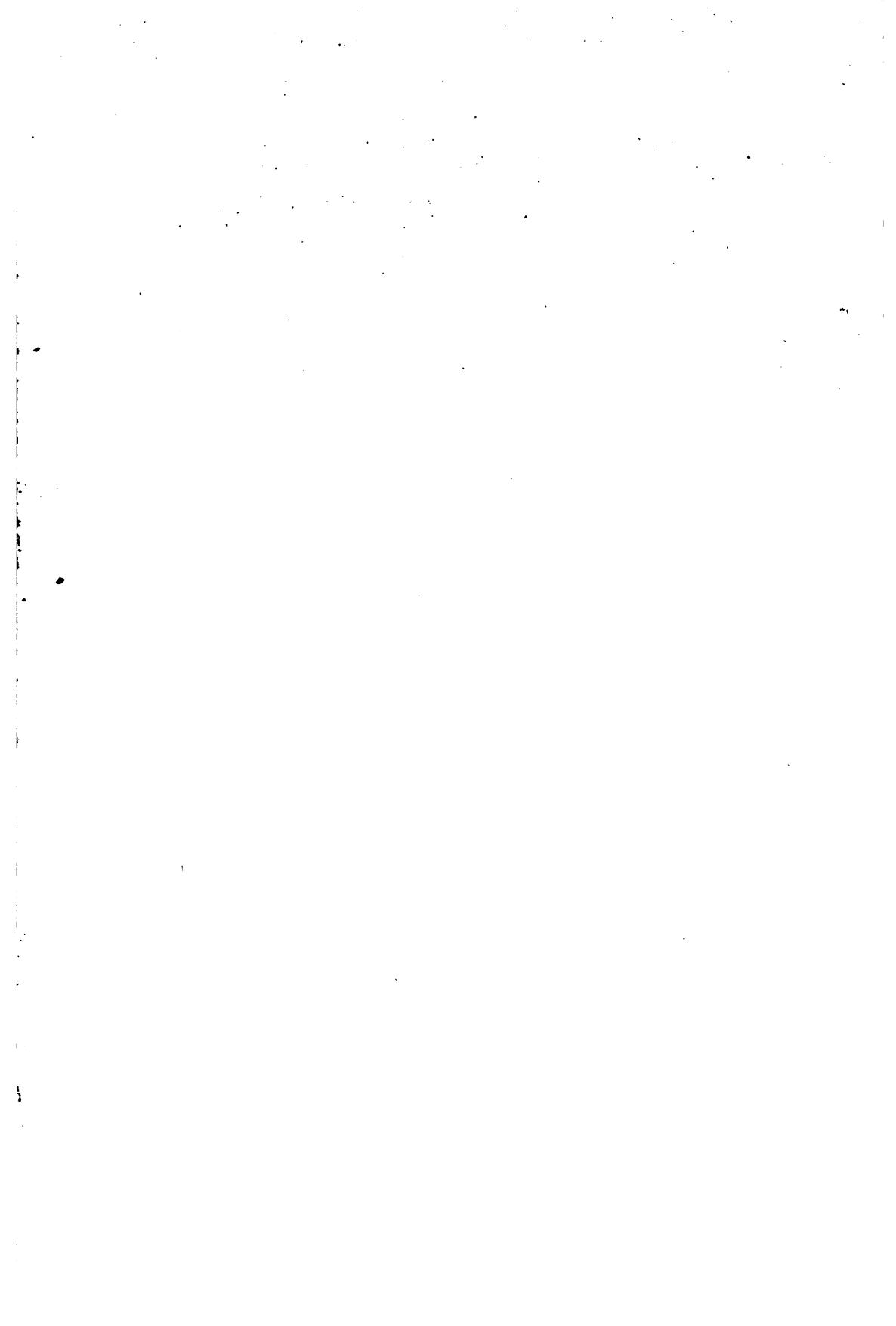
Wylls, Ruth, 58

Youngs, Martha, 26



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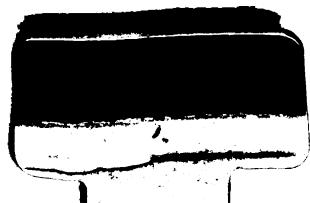




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